	(Original Signature of Member)	
116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	H.R.	

To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain lands, consistent with the principles of self-initiation of mining claims, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr.	Grijalva introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	referred	to	the
	Committee on								

A BILL

To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain lands, consistent with the principles of self-initiation of mining claims, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the 4
- 5 "Hardrock Leasing and Reclamation Act of 2019".
- (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for 6
- this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions and references.
- Sec. 3. Application rules.

TITLE I—MINERAL LEASING, EXPLORATION, AND DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 101. Closure to entry and location.
- Sec. 102. Limitation on patents.
- Sec. 103. Prospecting license and hardrock leases.
- Sec. 104. Competitive leasing.
- Sec. 105. Small miners leases.
- Sec. 106. Lands containing nonhardrock minerals; other uses.
- Sec. 107. Royalty.
- Sec. 108. Existing production.
- Sec. 109. Hardrock mining claim maintenance fee.
- Sec. 110. Effect of payments for use and occupancy of claims.
- Sec. 111. Protection of special places.
- Sec. 112. Suitability determination.

TITLE II—CONSULTATION PROCEDURE

- Sec. 201. Requirement for consultation.
- Sec. 202. Timing.
- Sec. 203. Scoping stage consultation.
- Sec. 204. Decision stage procedures.
- Sec. 205. Documentation and reporting.
- Sec. 206. Implementation.
- Sec. 207. Sensitive Tribal information.

TITLE III—ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS OF MINERAL EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 301. General standard for hardrock mining on Federal land.
- Sec. 302. Permits.
- Sec. 303. Exploration permit.
- Sec. 304. Operations permit.
- Sec. 305. Persons ineligible for permits.
- Sec. 306. Financial assurance.
- Sec. 307. Operation and reclamation.
- Sec. 308. State law and regulation.

TITLE IV—ABANDONED HARDROCK MINE RECLAMATION

- Sec. 401. Establishment of Fund.
- Sec. 402. Contents of Fund.
- Sec. 403. Displaced material reclamation fee.
- Sec. 404. Use and objectives of the Fund.
- Sec. 405. Eligible lands and waters.
- Sec. 406. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE V—ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

- Sec. 501. Policy functions.
- Sec. 502. User fees and inflation adjustment.
- Sec. 503. Inspection and monitoring.
- Sec. 504. Citizens suits.
- Sec. 505. Administrative and judicial review.

	 Sec. 506. Reporting requirements. Sec. 507. Enforcement. Sec. 508. Regulations. Sec. 509. Oil shale claims. Sec. 510. Savings clause. Sec. 511. Availability of public records. Sec. 512. Miscellaneous powers. Sec. 513. Mineral materials. Sec. 514. Effective date.
1	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS AND REFERENCES.
2	(a) In General.—As used in this Act:
3	(1) The term "affiliate" means, with respect to
4	any person, any of the following:
5	(A) Any person who controls, is controlled
6	by, or is under common control with such per-
7	son.
8	(B) Any partner of such person.
9	(C) Any person owning at least 10 percent
10	of the voting shares of such person.
11	(2) The term "agency" means any authority of
12	the United States that is an "agency" under section
13	3502(1) of title 44, United States Code.
14	(3) The term "applicant" means any person ap-
15	plying for a permit, license, or lease under this Act
16	or a modification to or a renewal of a permit, li-
17	cense, or lease under this Act.
18	(4) The term "beneficiation" means the crush-
19	ing and grinding of hardrock mineral ore and such
20	processes as are employed to free the mineral from

1	other constituents, including physical and chemical
2	separation techniques.
3	(5) The term "casual use"—
4	(A) subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C),
5	means mineral activities that do not ordinarily
6	result in any disturbance of public lands and re-
7	sources;
8	(B) includes collection of geochemical,
9	rock, soil, or mineral specimens using
10	handtools, hand panning, or nonmotorized sluic-
11	ing; and
12	(C) does not include—
13	(i) the use of mechanized earth-mov-
14	ing equipment, suction dredging, or explo-
15	sives;
16	(ii) the use of motor vehicles in areas
17	closed to off-road vehicles;
18	(iii) the construction of roads or drill
19	pads; and
20	(iv) the use of toxic or hazardous ma-
21	terials.
22	(6) The term "claim holder" means a person
23	holding a mining claim, millsite claim, or tunnel site
24	claim located under the general mining laws and

1	maintained in compliance with such laws. Such term
2	may include an agent of a claim holder.
3	(7) The term "control" means having the abil-
4	ity, directly or indirectly, to determine (without re-
5	gard to whether exercised through one or more cor-
6	porate structures) the manner in which an entity
7	conducts mineral activities, through any means, in-
8	cluding ownership interest, authority to commit the
9	entity's real or financial assets, position as a direc-
10	tor, officer, or partner of the entity, or contractual
11	arrangement.
12	(8) The term "crude ore" means ore in its un-
13	processed form, containing profitable amounts of the
14	target mineral.
15	(9) The term "displaced material" means any
16	crude ore and waste dislodged from its location at
17	the time hardrock mineral activities begin at a sur-
18	face, underground, or in-situ mine.
19	(10) The term "exploration"—
20	(A) subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C),
21	means creating surface disturbance other than
22	casual use, to evaluate the type, extent, quan-
23	tity, or quality of minerals present;

1	(B) includes mineral activities associated
2	with sampling, drilling, and analyzing hardrock
3	mineral values; and
4	(C) does not include extraction of mineral
5	material for commercial use or sale.
6	(11) The term "Federal land" means any land,
7	and any interest in land, that is owned by the
8	United States, except lands in the National Park
9	System, lands held in trust for an Indian or Indian
10	Tribe, and lands on the Outer Continental Shelf.
11	(12) The term "Fund" means the Hardrock
12	Minerals Reclamation Fund established by this Act.
13	(13) The term "Indian lands" means lands held
14	in trust for the benefit of an Indian Tribe or indi-
15	vidual or held by an Indian Tribe or individual sub-
16	ject to a restriction by the United States against
17	alienation.
18	(14) The term "Indian Tribe" means any In-
19	dian Tribe, band, nation, pueblo, or other organized
20	group or community, including any Alaska Native
21	village or regional corporation as defined in or estab-
22	lished pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settle-
23	ment Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), that is recog-
24	nized as eligible for the special programs and serv-

1	ices provided by the United States to Indians be-
2	cause of their status as Indians.
3	(15) The term "hardrock mineral"—
4	(A) subject to subparagraph (B), means
5	any mineral that was subject to location under
6	the general mining laws as of the date of enact-
7	ment of this Act, and that is not subject to dis-
8	position under—
9	(i) the Mineral Leasing Act (30
10	U.S.C. 181 et seq.);
11	(ii) the Geothermal Steam Act of
12	1970 (30 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.);
13	(iii) the Act of July 31, 1947, com-
14	monly known as the Materials Act of 1947
15	(30 U.S.C. 601 et seq.); or
16	(iv) the Mineral Leasing for Acquired
17	Lands Act (30 U.S.C. 351 et seq.); and
18	(B) does not include any mineral that is
19	subject to a restriction against alienation im-
20	posed by the United States and is—
21	(i) held in trust by the United States
22	for any Indian or Indian Tribe, as defined
23	in section 2 of the Indian Mineral Develop-
24	ment Act of 1982 (25 U.S.C. 2101); or

1	(ii) owned by any Indian or Indian
2	Tribe, as defined in that section.
3	(16) The term "mineral activities" means any
4	activity on a mining claim, millsite claim, or tunnel
5	site claim, or a lease, license, or permit issued under
6	this Act, for, related to, or incidental to, mineral ex-
7	ploration, mining, beneficiation, processing, or rec-
8	lamation activities for any hardrock mineral.
9	(17) The term "memorandum of agreement"
10	means a document that records the terms and condi-
11	tions agreed upon by an agency and an Indian Tribe
12	through the consultation process regarding an activ-
13	ity, including any measures to be taken to resolve or
14	mitigate adverse impacts on the Indian Tribe.
15	(18) The term "National Conservation System
16	unit" means any unit of the National Park System,
17	National Wildlife Refuge System, National Wild and
18	Scenic Rivers System, National Wilderness Preserva-
19	tion System, National Landscape Conservation Sys-
20	tem, or National Trails System, or a National Con-
21	servation Area, a National Recreation Area, a Na-
22	tional Monument, or any unit of the National Wil-
23	derness Preservation System or lands within the Na-
24	tional Forest System, including any of the following:
25	(A) National Scenic Research Area.

1	(B) National Scenic Area.
2	(C) National Game Refuge and Wildlife
3	Preserve.
4	(D) National Volcanic Monument.
5	(E) National Historic Area.
6	(F) National Protection Area.
7	(G) Special Management Area.
8	(H) National Botanical Area.
9	(I) Recreation Management Area.
10	(J) Scenic Recreation Area.
11	(19) The term "operator" means any person
12	proposing or authorized by a permit issued under
13	this Act to conduct mineral activities and any agent
14	of such person.
15	(20) The term "person" means an individual,
16	Indian Tribe, partnership, association, society, joint
17	venture, joint stock company, firm, company, cor-
18	poration, cooperative, or other organization and any
19	instrumentality of State or local government includ-
20	ing any publicly owned utility or publicly owned cor-
21	poration of State or local government.
22	(21) The term "processing" means processes
23	downstream of beneficiation employed to prepare
24	locatable mineral ore into the final marketable prod-
25	uct, including smelting and electrolytic refining.

1	(22) The term "sacred site" means any specific,
2	discrete, narrowly delineated location on Federal
3	land that is identified by an Indian Tribe—
4	(A) as sacred by virtue of its established
5	religious significance to, or ceremonial use by,
6	an Indian religion; or
7	(B) to be of established cultural signifi-
8	cance.
9	(23) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
10	of the Interior, unless otherwise specified.
11	(24) The term "Secretary concerned" means—
12	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture (acting
13	through the Chief of the Forest Service) with
14	respect to National Forest System land; and
15	(B) the Secretary of the Interior (acting
16	through the Director of the Bureau of Land
17	Management) with respect to other Federal
18	land.
19	(25)(A) The term "small miner" means a per-
20	son (including all related parties thereto) that—
21	(i) holds not more than 10 mining
22	claims, mill sites, or tunnel sites, or any
23	combination thereof, on public lands;

1	(ii) holds leases and permits under
2	this Act with respect to not more than 200
3	acres of Federal land;
4	(iii) certifies to the Secretary in writ-
5	ing that the person had annual gross in-
6	come in the preceding calendar year from
7	mineral production in an amount less than
8	\$50,000 (indexed for inflation); and
9	(iv) has performed assessment work
10	required under the Mining Law of 1872
11	(30 U.S.C. 28 et seq.) to maintain any
12	mining claims held by the person (includ-
13	ing such related parties) for the assess-
14	ment year ending on noon of September 1
15	of the calendar year in which payment of
16	the claim maintenance fee was due.
17	(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), with re-
18	spect to any person, the term "all related parties"
19	means—
20	(i) the spouse and dependent children (as
21	defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue
22	Code of 1986), of the person concerned; or
23	(ii) a person affiliated with the person con-
24	cerned, including—

1	(I) another person controlled by, con-
2	trolling, or under common control with the
3	person concerned; or
4	(II) a subsidiary or parent company
5	or corporation of the person concerned.
6	(C) For purposes of subparagraph (A)(iii), the
7	dollar amount shall be applied, for a person, to the
8	aggregate of all annual gross income from mineral
9	production under all mining claims held by or as-
10	signed to such person or all related parties with re-
11	spect to such person, including mining claims lo-
12	cated or for which a patent was issued before the
13	date of the enactment of this Act.
14	(26) The term "temporary cessation" means a
15	halt in mine-related production activities for a con-
16	tinuous period of no longer than 5 years.
17	(27) The term "ton" means 2,000 pounds av-
18	oirdupois (.90718 metric ton).
19	(28) The term "undue degradation" means ir-
20	reparable harm to significant scientific, cultural, or
21	environmental resources on public lands.
22	(29) The term "valuable mineral deposit"
23	means a deposit of hardrock minerals that is of suf-
24	ficient value for a reasonable miner to economically
25	mine.

1	(30) The term "waste" means rock that must
2	be fractured and removed in order to gain access to
3	crude ore.
4	(b) References to Other Laws.—
5	(1) General mining laws.—Any reference in
6	this Act to the term "general mining laws" is a ref-
7	erence to those Acts that generally comprise chap-
8	ters 2, 12A, and 16, and sections 161 and 162, of
9	title 30, United States Code.
10	(2) ACT OF JULY 23, 1955.—Any reference in
11	this Act to the Act of July 23, 1955, is a reference
12	to the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act of
13	July 31, 1947 (61 Stat. 681) and the mining laws
14	to provide for multiple use of the surface of the
15	same tracts of the public lands, and for other pur-
16	poses'' (30 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).
17	SEC. 3. APPLICATION RULES.
18	(a) In General.—This Act applies to any mining
19	claim, millsite claim, or tunnel site claim located under
20	the general mining laws, before or on the date of enact-
21	ment of this Act.
22	(b) Application of Act to Beneficiation and
23	PROCESSING OF NON-FEDERAL MINERALS ON FEDERAL
24	Lands.—The provisions of this Act shall apply in the
25	same manner and to the same extent to mining claims,

millsite claims, tunnel site claims, and any land included in a lease or license issued under this Act, used for beneficiation or processing activities for any hardrock min-4 eral. TITLE I—MINERAL LEASING, EX-PLORATION, AND **DEVELOP-**6 **MENT** 7 8 SEC. 101. CLOSURE TO ENTRY AND LOCATION. 9 (a) CLOSURE.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, as of the effective date of this Act all Federal 10 lands are closed to entry and location under the general 12 mining laws, and no new rights under the general mining laws may be acquired. 13 14 (b) Existing Nonproducing Claims.— 15 (1) Claims without plan of operations.— 16 Any claim under the general mining laws existing on 17 the effective date of this Act for which a plan of op-18 erations is not approved, or a notice of operations is 19 not filed, before such date shall be subject to the re-20 quirements of this Act, and may remain in effect 21 until not later than the end of the 10-year period be-22 ginning on the date of enactment of this Act if the 23 claimholder remains in compliance with section 109, 24 unless the claim holder—

(A) relinquishes the claim; or

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1	(B) demonstrates eligibility for a lease and
2	requests conversion under the regulations
3	issued under subsection (d).
4	(2) Shortening of Period.—The 10-year pe-
5	riod referred to in paragraph (1) shall be shortened
6	to 3 years if—
7	(A) the claim is for an area that is located
8	in an area withdrawn or temporarily segregated
9	from location under the general mining laws as
10	of the effective date of this Act; or
11	(B) the claim belongs to a small miner.
12	(3) Conversion.—Upon showing to the satis-
13	faction of the Secretary of a valuable mineral deposit
14	on lands subject to such a claim, the Secretary may
15	convert the claim to a noncompetitive lease under
16	the regulations issued under subsection (d).
17	(4) Claims not converted.—Any such claims
18	not converted to leases at the end of the applicable
19	period under paragraph (1) or (2) shall be consid-
20	ered invalid and void.
21	(c) Existing Claims With Plan of Operation.—
22	(1) In general.—In the case of any claim
23	under the general mining laws for which a plan of
24	operations has been approved but for which oper-

I	ations have not commenced before the date of enact-
2	ment of this Act—
3	(A) during the 10-year period beginning on
4	the date of enactment of this Act—
5	(i) mineral activities on lands subject
6	to such claim shall be subject to such plan
7	of operations; and
8	(ii) modification of such plan may be
9	made in accordance with the provisions of
10	law applicable before the date of the enact-
11	ment of this Act if such modifications are
12	considered minor by the Secretary con-
13	cerned; and
14	(B) the operator shall bring such mineral
15	activities into compliance with this Act by the
16	end of such 10-year period.
17	(2) Activities pending decision on modi-
18	FICATION TO PLAN OF OPERATIONS.—If an applica-
19	tion for modification of a plan of operations referred
20	to in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) has been timely submitted
21	and an approved plan expires before the Secretary
22	concerned takes action on the application, mineral
23	activities and reclamation may continue in accord-
24	ance with the terms of the expired plan until such

1	Secretary makes an administrative decision on the
2	application.
3	(3) Conversion requirement.—Any claims
4	referred to in paragraph (1) may remain in effect
5	for a period of up to 10 years. Any claim not con-
6	verted to a lease under subsection (d) before the end
7	of that period shall be subject to a fee of \$100 per
8	acre per day until the claim is converted to a lease.
9	(d) Conversion Regulations.—
10	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall issue
11	regulations not later than one year after the date of
12	the enactment of this Act to provide for the conver-
13	sion of mining claims to noncompetitive mining
14	leases.
15	(2) Content.—The regulations issued under
16	paragraph (1) shall—
17	(A) prohibit the conversion of a mining
18	claim to a mining lease by a claimholder who is
19	in violation of this Act or other State or Fed-
20	eral environmental, health, or worker safety
21	law;
22	(B) allow the Secretary to exercise discre-
23	tion to include nonmineral lands within the
24	boundaries of any mill site associated with the

1	mining claim to be converted to a noncompeti-
2	tive lease;
3	(C) prohibit the area in any noncompetitive
4	mining lease issued under this subsection to ex-
5	ceed the maximum area authorized by this Act
6	to be leased to any person;
7	(D) require the consent of the surface
8	managing agency for conversion of a mining
9	claim to a noncompetitive mining lease;
10	(E) require the fiscal terms of the con-
11	verted noncompetitive mining lease to be the
12	same as provided in this Act for other hardrock
13	mining leases;
14	(F) require compliance with all provisions
15	of this Act; and
16	(G) include any other terms the Secretary
17	considers appropriate.
18	(e) NEPA.—The Secretary is not required to conduct
19	an environmental analysis under the National Environ-
20	mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) for
21	the issuance of a noncompetitive lease under this section,
22	unless the noncompetitive lease modifies or extends the
23	surface disturbance already authorized under a mine plan
24	of operations covering the mining claim that is converted.

1 SEC. 102. LIMITATION ON PATENTS.

2	(a) MINING CLAIMS.—
3	(1) DETERMINATIONS REQUIRED.—After the
4	date of enactment of this Act, no patent shall be
5	issued by the United States for any mining claim lo-
6	cated under the general mining laws unless the Sec-
7	retary determines that, for the claim concerned—
8	(A) a patent application was filed with the
9	Secretary on or before September 30, 1994;
10	and
11	(B) all requirements established under sec-
12	tions 2325 and 2326 of the Revised Statutes
13	(30 U.S.C. 29 and 30), in the case of a vein or
14	lode claim, or sections 2329, 2330, 2331, and
15	2333 of the Revised Statutes (30 U.S.C. 35,
16	36, and 37), in the case of a placer claim, were
17	fully complied with by that date.
18	(2) RIGHT TO PATENT.—If the Secretary makes
19	the determinations referred to in subparagraphs (A)
20	and (B) of paragraph (1) for any mining claim, the
21	holder of the claim shall be entitled to the issuance
22	of a patent in the same manner and degree to which
23	such claim holder would have been entitled to prior
24	to the enactment of this Act, unless such determina-
25	tions are withdrawn or invalidated by the Secretary
26	or by a court of the United States.

1	(b) Millsite Claims.—
2	(1) DETERMINATIONS REQUIRED.—After the
3	date of enactment of this Act, no patent shall be
4	issued by the United States for any millsite claim lo-
5	cated under the general mining laws unless the Sec-
6	retary determines that for such millsite—
7	(A) a patent application for the land sub-
8	ject to such claim was filed with the Secretary
9	on or before September 30, 1994; and
10	(B) all requirements applicable to such
11	patent application were fully complied with be-
12	fore that date.
13	(2) RIGHT TO PATENT.—If the Secretary makes
14	the determinations described in subparagraphs (A)
15	and (B) of paragraph (1) for any millsite claim, the
16	holder of the claim shall be entitled to the issuance
17	of a patent in the same manner and degree to which
18	such claim holder would have been entitled to prior
19	to the enactment of this Act, unless such determina-
20	tions are withdrawn or invalidated by the Secretary
21	or by a court of the United States.
22	SEC. 103. PROSPECTING LICENSE AND HARDROCK LEASES.
23	(a) In General.—No person may conduct mineral
24	prospecting for commercial purposes for any hardrock

mineral on Federal lands without a prospecting license or a small miners lease. 3 (b) Prospecting Licenses.— 4 (1) In General.—The Secretary may, under 5 such rules and regulations as the Secretary may pre-6 scribe and with the concurrence of the relevant surface management agency, grant an applicant a 7 8 prospecting license that shall give the exclusive right 9 to prospect for specified hardrock minerals on Fed-10 eral lands for a period of not exceeding two years. 11 (2) MAXIMUM AREA.—The area subject to such 12 a license shall not exceed 2,560 acres of land, in reasonably compact form. 13 14 LICENSE APPLICATION FEE.—The Sec-15 retary shall charge a fee for each license application 16 to cover the costs of processing the license, and the 17 license shall be subject to annual rentals equal to 18 \$10 per acre per year. 19 (4) Terms and conditions.—A prospecting li-20 cense must conform with the terms and conditions 21 of a comprehensive land use plan approved under 22 the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 23 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) or the Forest and 24 Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of

1974 (16 U.S.C. 1600 et seq.). For areas where a

- comprehensive land use plan treating hardrock mining as a multiple-use activity has not been completed, the Secretary concerned shall ensure that the land to be covered by the license is suitable for mineral activities.
 - (5) EXTENSION.—A prospecting license may be extended for up to an additional four years upon a showing by the licensee that the licensee explored with reasonable diligence and was unable to determine the existence and workability of a valuable deposit covered by the license, or that the failure to perform diligent prospecting activities was due to conditions beyond the licensee's control.

(c) Noncompetitive Leases.—

(1) In General.—Upon a showing to the satisfaction of the Secretary by a prospecting licensee under subsection (a) that a valuable deposit of a hardrock mineral has been discovered by the licensee within an area covered by the prospecting license and with the consent of the surface agency, the licensee shall be entitled to a lease for any or all of the land included in the prospecting license, as well as any nonmineral lands necessary for processing or milling operations, at a royalty of no less than 12.5 percent of the gross value of production of hardrock

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minerals or mineral concentrates or products derived from hardrock minerals under the lease. Rentals for such lease shall be set by the Secretary at no less than \$10 per acre per year, with rentals paid in any one year credited against royalties accruing for that year. The recipient of such lease is not entitled to an operations permit.

(2) Lease Period.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A lease under this section shall be for a period of 20 years, with the right to renew for successive periods of 10 years if hardrock minerals are being produced in commercial quantities under the lease.

(B) EXTENSION DURING NONPRODUC-TION.—If hardrock minerals are not being produced in commercial quantities at the end of the primary term or any subsequent term of such a lease, the Secretary may issue a 10-year extension of the lease in the interest of conservation or upon a successful showing by the lessee that the lease cannot be successfully operated at a profit or for other reasons. No more than one extension under this subparagraph may be issued.

1 (d) Cumulative Acreage Limitation.—No person may take, hold, own, or control at one time, whether ac-3 quired directly from the Secretary under this Act or otherwise, hardrock mining leases or licenses for an aggregate 5 of more than 20,480 acres in any one State. 6 REDUCTION OF ROYALTY RATE.—The Sec-7 retary— 8 (1) may reduce the royalty rate for a lease upon 9 a showing by clear and convincing evidence by the person conducting mineral activities under the lease 10 11 that production would not occur without the reduc-12 tion in royalty; and 13 (2) may reduce royalty and rental rates for a 14 lease to encourage exploration for and development 15 of hardrock minerals classified as strategic and crit-16 ical by the Department of Energy. 17 PROTECTION OF LAND AND OTHER Re-SOURCES.—The Secretary may include in any lease or li-18 19 cense issued under this Act such provisions as are nec-20 essary to adequately protect the lands and other resources 21 in the vicinity of the area subject to the lease or license. For land not managed by the Department of the Interior, 23 the Secretary shall consult with the appropriate surface management agency in formulating such provisions.

1 SEC. 104. COMPETITIVE LEASING.

- 2 (a) In General.—Subject to sections 111 and 112,
- 3 Federal lands known to contain valuable deposits of
- 4 hardrock minerals that are not covered by claims, licenses,
- 5 or leases may only be open to hardrock mineral exploration
- 6 or development through competitive leasing by the Sec-
- 7 retary by such methods the Secretary may adopt by regu-
- 8 lation and in such areas as the Secretary may determine,
- 9 including nonmineral lands the Secretary considers nec-
- 10 essary for processing or milling operations. The total area
- 11 of land subject to any such lease shall not exceed 2,560
- 12 acres.
- 13 (b) Terms and Requirements.—All terms and re-
- 14 quirements for competitive leases under this section shall
- 15 be the same as if the leases were issued noncompetitively
- 16 under section 103(c).

17 SEC. 105. SMALL MINERS LEASES.

- 18 (a) In General.—The Secretary may issue small
- 19 miners leases to qualified small miners that apply, under
- 20 such rules and regulations as the Secretary may prescribe,
- 21 including conditions to require diligent development of the
- 22 lease and to ensure protection of surface resources and
- 23 groundwater.
- (b) Exclusive Right.—A small miners lease shall
- 25 give the leaseholder the exclusive right to prospect for

- 1 hardrock minerals for 3 years on up to 200 acres of con-
- 2 tiguous or non-contiguous Federal land.
- 3 (c) Application Fee.—The Secretary shall charge
- 4 a reasonable application fee for such a lease.
- 5 (d) Rentals.—Rentals for such a lease shall be \$5
- 6 per acre per year for the first 3 years.
- 7 (e) Renewal.—Such leases may be renewed for ad-
- 8 ditional 3-year periods, with no limit, with a \$10 per acre
- 9 per year rental charged for renewed leases.
- 10 (f) Challenge.—Any individual may file a challenge
- 11 with the Secretary that a leaseholder is in violation of the
- 12 diligence terms of a small miners lease or does not qualify
- 13 as a small miner. A small miners lease that is under such
- 14 a challenge may not be renewed unless the Secretary has
- 15 determined that the leaseholder is a small miner and is
- 16 in compliance with all the terms of the lease.
- 17 (g) No Royalties.—No royalties shall be charged
- 18 for commercial production under a small miners lease.
- 19 (h) CONVERSION OF EXISTING CLAIMS.—An existing
- 20 claim, as of January 1, 2017, that belongs to an individual
- 21 that qualifies as a small miner may be converted to a small
- 22 miners lease under the same terms and conditions that
- 23 apply to other small miners leases, except that such
- 24 lease—

1	(1) shall not be subject to rental during the pri-
2	mary term of the lease;
3	(2) shall be subject to a rental of \$5 per acre
4	per year for the first 3-year renewal of the lease;
5	and
6	(3) shall be subject to a rental of \$10 per acre
7	per year for any subsequent 3-year renewal of the
8	lease.
9	(i) Limitations.—A small miners lease—
10	(1) may only be held by the primary lease-
11	holder, a spouse thereof, or a direct descendent
12	thereof;
13	(2) may not be sold or transferred, other than
14	to a spouse or direct descendent of the primary
15	leaseholder; and
16	(3) is subject to all permitting requirements
17	under this Act.
18	(j) Conversion to Hardrock Mineral Lease.—
19	If, with regards to a lease, the leaseholder no longer quali-
20	fies as a small miner at the time such leaseholder applies
21	for a renewal of such lease, such leaseholder shall not be
22	eligible to renew the small miners lease, but shall be eligi-
23	ble for a noncompetitive hardrock mineral lease issued
24	under section $103(c)$. Notwithstanding section $103(c)(1)$,
25	royalties under such a lease shall only be due on the gross

1	income that exceeds the amount of gross income specified
2	in such definition as of the time the hardrock mineral
3	lease is issued.
4	SEC. 106. LANDS CONTAINING NONHARDROCK MINERALS;
5	OTHER USES.
6	(a) In General.—In issuing licenses and leases
7	under this Act for lands that contain deposits of coal or
8	other nonhardrock minerals, the Secretary shall reserve to
9	the United States such nonhardrock minerals for disposal
10	under applicable laws.
11	(b) Other Uses of Licensed and Leased
12	Lands.—
13	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall promul-
14	gate regulations to allow for other uses of the lands
15	covered by a prospecting license under this Act, in-
16	cluding leases for other minerals, if such other uses
17	would not unreasonably interfere with operations
18	under the prospecting license.
19	(2) Prospecting licenses.—The Secretary
20	shall include in such prospecting licenses such terms
21	and conditions as the Secretary finds necessary to
22	avoid unreasonable interference with other uses oc-
23	curring on, or other leases of, the licensed lands.
24	(3) Leases.—The Secretary shall include in
25	leases under this Act stipulations to allow for simul-

- 1 taneous operations under other leases for the same
- 2 lands.

3 **SEC. 107. ROYALTY.**

- 4 (a) Existing Production.—Production of hardrock
- 5 minerals on Federal land under an operations permit from
- 6 which valuable hardrock minerals were produced in com-
- 7 mercial quantities before the date of the enactment of this
- 8 Act, other than production under a small miners lease,
- 9 shall be subject to a royalty established by the Secretary
- 10 at no less than 8 percent of the gross value of such produc-
- 11 tion, or of mineral concentrates or products derived from
- 12 hardrock minerals. Any Federal land added through a
- 13 plan modification to an operations permit on Federal land
- 14 that is submitted after the date of enactment of this Act
- 15 shall be subject to a royalty established by the Secretary
- 16 for such lease of no less than 12.5 percent of the gross
- 17 value of production of hardrock minerals, or mineral con-
- 18 centrates or products derived from hardrock minerals.
- 19 (b) Liability.—The claim or leaseholder, or any op-
- 20 erator to whom the claim or lease holder has assigned the
- 21 obligation to make royalty payments under the claim or
- 22 lease and any person who controls such claim or lease
- 23 holder or operator, shall be liable for payment of such roy-
- 24 alties.

1	(c) DISPOSITION.—Of the revenues collected under
2	this title, including rents, royalties, claim maintenance
3	fees, interest charges, fines, and penalties—
4	(1) 25 percent shall be paid to the State within
5	the boundaries of which the leased, licensed, or
6	claimed lands, or operations subject to such interest
7	charges, fines, or penalties are or were located; and
8	(2) the remainder shall be deposited in the ac-
9	count established under section 501.
10	(d) Duties of Claim or Lease Holders, Opera-
11	TORS, AND TRANSPORTERS.—
12	(1) REGULATION.—The Secretary shall pre-
13	scribe by rule the time and manner in which—
14	(A) a person who is required to make a
15	royalty payment under this section shall make
16	such payment; and
17	(B) shall notify the Secretary of any as-
18	signment that such person may have made of
19	the obligation to make any royalty or other pay-
20	ment under a mining claim or lease under this
21	title.
22	(2) Written instrument.—Any person pay-
23	ing royalties under this section shall file a written
24	instrument, together with the first royalty payment,
25	affirming that such person is responsible for making

1	proper payments for all amounts due for all time pe-
2	riods for which such person has a payment responsi-
3	bility.
4	(3) Additional amounts.—Such responsi-
5	bility for the periods referred to in paragraph (2)
6	shall include any and all additional amounts billed
7	by the Secretary and determined to be due by final
8	agency or judicial action.
9	(4) Joint and Several Liability.—Any per-
10	son liable for royalty payments under this section
11	who assigns any payment obligation shall remain
12	jointly and severally liable for all royalty payments
13	due for the period.
14	(5) Obligations.—A person conducting min-
15	eral activities shall—
16	(A) develop and comply with the site secu-
17	rity provisions in the operations permit de-
18	signed to protect from theft the hardrock min-
19	erals, concentrates, or products derived there-
20	from that are produced or stored on the area
21	subject to a mining claim or lease, and such
22	provisions shall conform with such minimum
23	standards as the Secretary may prescribe by

rule, taking into account the variety of cir-

1	cumstances on areas subject to mining claims
2	and leases; and
3	(B) not later than the 5th business day
4	after production begins anywhere on an area
5	subject to a mining claim or lease, or produc-
6	tion resumes after more than 90 days after pro-
7	duction was suspended, notify the Secretary, in
8	the manner prescribed by the Secretary, of the
9	date on which such production has begun or re-
10	sumed.
11	(6) Required documentation.—The Sec-
12	retary may by rule require any person engaged in
13	transporting a hardrock mineral, concentrate, or
14	product derived therefrom to carry on his or her per-
15	son, in his or her vehicle, or in his or her immediate
16	control, documentation showing, at a minimum, the
17	amount, origin, and intended destination of the
18	hardrock mineral, concentrate, or product derived
19	therefrom in such circumstances as the Secretary
20	determines is appropriate.
21	(e) Recordkeeping and Reporting Require-
22	MENTS.—
23	(1) In general.—A claim or lease holder, op-
24	erator, or other person directly involved in devel-
25	oping, producing, processing, transporting, pur-

chasing, or selling hardrock minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom, subject to this Act, through the point of royalty computation shall establish and maintain any records, make any reports, and provide any information that the Secretary may reasonably require for the purposes of implementing this section or determining compliance with rules or orders under this section. Such records shall include periodic reports, records, documents, and other data. Such reports may also include pertinent technical and financial data relating to the quantity, quality, composition volume, weight, and assay of all minerals extracted from the mining claim or lease.

- (2) AVAILABILITY FOR INSPECTION.—Upon the request of any officer or employee duly designated by the Secretary conducting an audit or investigation pursuant to this section, the appropriate records, reports, or information that may be required by this section shall be made available for inspection and duplication by such officer or employee.
- (3) FORFEITURE.—Failure by a claim or lease holder, operator, or other person referred to in the first sentence to cooperate with such an audit, provide data required by the Secretary, or grant access to information may, at the discretion of the Sec-

1 retary, result in involuntary forfeiture of the claim 2 or lease. 3 (4) Maintenance of Records.—Records required by the Secretary under this section shall be 5 maintained for 7 years after release of financial as-6 surance under section 306 unless the Secretary notifies the operator that the Secretary has initiated an 7 8 audit or investigation involving such records and 9 that such records must be maintained for a longer 10 period. In any case when an audit or investigation 11 is underway, records shall be maintained until the 12 Secretary releases the operator of the obligation to 13 maintain such records. 14 (f) AUDITS.—The Secretary is authorized to conduct 15 such audits of all claim or lease holders, operators, transporters, purchasers, processors, or other persons directly 16 17 or indirectly involved in the production or sale of minerals 18 covered by this Act, as the Secretary deems necessary for the purposes of ensuring compliance with the require-19 ments of this section. For purposes of performing such 20 21 audits, the Secretary shall, at reasonable times and upon 22 request, have access to, and may copy, all books, papers 23 and other documents that relate to compliance with any provision of this section by any person. 25 (g) Cooperative Agreements.—

1 (1) In General.—The Secretary is authorized 2 to enter into cooperative agreements with the Sec-3 retary of Agriculture to share information concerning the royalty management of hardrock min-5 erals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom, to 6 carry out inspection, auditing, investigation, or en-7 forcement (not including the collection of royalties, 8 civil or criminal penalties, or other payments) activi-9 ties under this section in cooperation with the Sec-10 retary, and to carry out any other activity described 11 in this section. (2) Secretary of agriculture.—Except as 12 13 provided in paragraph (3), and pursuant to a coop-14 erative agreement, the Secretary of Agriculture 15 shall, upon request, have access to all royalty ac-16 counting information in the possession of the Sec-17 retary respecting the production, removal, or sale of 18 hardrock minerals, concentrates, or products derived 19 therefrom from claims or leases on lands open to lo-20 cation under this Act. 21 (3) Trade secrets, proprietary, and other confidential information protected 22 23 from disclosure under section 552 of title 5, United 24 States Code, shall be made available by the Sec-

retary to other Federal agencies as necessary to as-

1	sure compliance with this Act and other Federal
2	laws. The Secretary, the Secretary of Agriculture,
3	the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
4	Agency, and other Federal officials shall ensure that
5	such information is provided protection in accord-
6	ance with the requirements of that section.
7	(h) Interest and Substantial Underreporting
8	Assessments.—
9	(1) Payments not received.—In the case of
10	mining claims or leases where royalty payments are
11	not received by the Secretary on the date that such
12	payments are due, the Secretary shall charge inter-
13	est on such underpayments at the same interest rate
14	as the rate applicable under section 6621(a)(2) of
15	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. In the case of
16	an underpayment, interest shall be computed and
17	charged only on the amount of the deficiency and
18	not on the total amount.
19	(2) Underreporting.—If there is any under-
20	reporting of royalty owed on production from a
21	claim or lease for any production month by any per-
22	son liable for royalty payments under this section,
23	the Secretary shall assess a penalty of not greater
24	than 25 percent of the amount of that under-
25	reporting.

1	(3) Self-reporting.—The Secretary may
2	waive or reduce the assessment provided in para-
3	graph (2) of this subsection if the person liable for
4	royalty payments under this section corrects the
5	underreporting before the date such person receives
6	notice from the Secretary that an underreporting
7	may have occurred, or before 90 days after the date
8	of the enactment of this section, whichever is later.
9	(4) Waiver.—The Secretary shall waive any
10	portion of an assessment under paragraph (2) of
11	this subsection attributable to that portion of the
12	underreporting for which the person responsible for
13	paying the royalty demonstrates that—
14	(A) such person had written authorization
15	from the Secretary to report royalty on the
16	value of the production on basis on which it was
17	reported;
18	(B) such person had substantial authority
19	for reporting royalty on the value of the produc-
20	tion on the basis on which it was reported;
21	(C) such person previously had notified the
22	Secretary, in such manner as the Secretary may
23	by rule prescribe, of relevant reasons or facts
24	affecting the royalty treatment of specific pro-
25	duction which led to the underreporting; or

1	(D) such person meets any other exception
2	which the Secretary may, by rule, establish.
3	(5) Definition.—For the purposes of this sub-
4	section, the term "underreporting" means the dif-
5	ference between the royalty on the value of the pro-
6	duction that should have been reported and the roy-
7	alty on the value of the production which was re-
8	ported, if the value that should have been reported
9	is greater than the value that was reported.
10	(6) Hardrock minerals reclamation
11	FUND.—All penalties collected under this subsection
12	shall be deposited in the Hardrock Minerals Rec-
13	lamation Fund established by this Act.
14	(i) Expanded Royalty Obligations.—Each per-
15	son liable for royalty payments under this section shall
16	be jointly and severally liable for royalty on all hardrock
17	minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom lost
18	or wasted from a mining claim or lease when such loss
19	or waste is due to negligence on the part of any person
20	or due to the failure to comply with any rule, regulation,
21	or order issued under this section.
22	(j) Gross Income From Mining Defined.—For
23	the purposes of this section, for any hardrock mineral, the
24	term "gross income from mining" has the same meaning

- 1 as the term "gross income" in section 613(c) of the Inter-
- 2 nal Revenue Code of 1986.
- 3 (k) Effective Date.—Royalties under this Act
- 4 shall take effect with respect to the production of hardrock
- 5 minerals after the enactment of this Act, but any royalty
- 6 payments attributable to production during the first 12
- 7 calendar months after the enactment of this Act shall be
- 8 payable at the expiration of such 12-month period.
- 9 (1) Failure To Comply With Royalty Require-
- 10 MENTS.—Any person who fails to comply with the require-
- 11 ments of this section or any regulation or order issued to
- 12 implement this section shall be liable for a civil penalty
- 13 under section 109 of the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty
- 14 Management Act (30 U.S.C. 1719) to the same extent as
- 15 if the claim or lease maintained in compliance with this
- 16 Act were a lease under such Act.
- 17 SEC. 108. EXISTING PRODUCTION.
- 18 The holder of a mining claim located or converted
- 19 under this Act for which mineral activities have already
- 20 commenced under an approved plan of operations as of
- 21 the date of enactment of this Act shall have the exclusive
- 22 right of possession and use of the claimed land for mineral
- 23 activities, including the right of ingress and egress to such
- 24 claimed lands for such activities, subject to the rights of
- 25 the United States under this Act and other applicable

- 1 Federal law. Such rights of the claim holder shall termi-
- 2 nate upon completion of mineral activities on such lands
- 3 to the satisfaction of the Secretary.
- 4 SEC. 109. HARDROCK MINING CLAIM MAINTENANCE FEE.
- 5 (a) Fee.—
- 6 (1) In General.—

7 (A) REQUIRED FEES.—Except as provided 8 in section 2511(e)(2) of the Energy Policy Act 9 of 1992 (30 U.S.C. 242), or as otherwise pro-10 vided in this Act, for each unpatented mining 11 claim, mill, or tunnel site on federally owned 12 lands, whether located before or on the date of 13 enactment of this Act, each claimant shall pay 14 to the Secretary, on or before August 31 of 15 each year, a claim maintenance fee of \$200 per 16 claim to hold such unpatented mining claim, 17 mill or tunnel site for the assessment year be-18 ginning at noon on the next day, September 1. 19 Such claim maintenance fee shall be in lieu of 20 the assessment work requirement contained in 21 the Mining Law of 1872 (30 U.S.C. 28 et seq.) 22 and the related filing requirements contained in 23 section 314 (a) and (c) of the Federal Land 24 Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 25 1744 (a) and (c)).

1	(B) EXCEPTION FOR SMALL MINERS.—
2	Subparagraph (A) and the assessment work re-
3	quirement contained in the Mining Law of 1872
4	(30 U.S.C. 28 et seq.) shall not apply with re-
5	spect to any claim held by a small miner.
6	(2) Fee adjustments.—
7	(A) Inflation.—The Secretary shall ad-
8	just the fees required by this subsection to re-
9	flect changes in the Consumer Price Index pub-
10	lished by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the
11	Department of Labor every 3 years after the
12	date of enactment of this Act, or more fre-
13	quently if the Secretary determines an adjust-
14	ment to be reasonable.
15	(B) Notice.—The Secretary shall provide
16	claimants notice of any adjustment made under
17	this paragraph not later than July 1 of any
18	year in which the adjustment is made.
19	(C) APPLICATION.—A fee adjustment
20	under this paragraph shall begin to apply the
21	calendar year following the calendar year in
22	which it is made.
23	(3) Moneys received under this subsection that
24	are not otherwise allocated for the administration of
25	the mining laws by the Department of the Interior

1 shall be deposited in the Hardrock Minerals Rec-2 lamation Fund established by section 501. 3 (b) Co-Ownership provisions of the Mining Law of 1872 (30 U.S.C. 28 et seq.) shall re-5 main in effect except that the annual claim maintenance fee, where applicable, shall replace applicable assessment 6 7 requirements and expenditures. 8 (c) Failure To Pay.—Failure to pay the claim maintenance fee as required by subsection (a) shall conclu-10 sively constitute a forfeiture of the unpatented mining 11 claim, mill or tunnel site by the claimant and the claim 12 shall be deemed null and void by operation of law. 13 (d) Other Requirements.— 14 (1) REQUIRED FILINGS.—Nothing in this sec-15 tion shall change or modify the requirements of sec-16 tion 314(b) of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-17 ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1744(b)), or the re-18 quirements of section 314(c) of the Federal Land 19 Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 20 1744(c)) related to filings required by section 21 314(b), which remain in effect. 22 (2) MINING LAW OF 1872.—Section 2324 of the 23 Revised Statutes of the United States (30 U.S.C. 28) is amended by inserting "or section 103(a) of 24

- 1 the Hardrock Leasing and Reclamation Act of
- 2 2019" after "Act of 1993".
- 3 SEC. 110. EFFECT OF PAYMENTS FOR USE AND OCCUPANCY
- 4 **OF CLAIMS.**
- 5 Except as otherwise provided in section 101, timely
- 6 payment of the claim maintenance fee required by section
- 7 109 or any related law relating to the use of Federal land,
- 8 asserts the claimant's authority to use and occupy the
- 9 Federal land concerned for prospecting and exploration,
- 10 consistent with the requirements of this Act and other ap-
- 11 plicable law.
- 12 SEC. 111. PROTECTION OF SPECIAL PLACES.
- 13 (a) Protection of National Park System Units
- 14 AND NATIONAL MONUMENTS.—No permit shall be issued
- 15 under this Act that authorizes mineral activities that
- 16 would impair the land or resources of a unit of the Na-
- 17 tional Park System or a national monument. For purposes
- 18 of this subsection, the term "impair" includes any diminu-
- 19 tion of the affected land including wildlife, scenic assets,
- 20 water resources, air quality, and acoustic qualities, or
- 21 other changes that would impair a citizen's experience at
- 22 the National Park System unit or a national monument.
- 23 (b) Protection of Conservation Areas.—In
- 24 order to protect the resources and values of National Con-
- 25 servation System units, the Secretary, as appropriate,

shall utilize authority under this Act and other applicable law to the fullest extent necessary to prevent mineral activities that could have an adverse impact on the resources 3 4 or values for which such units were established. 5 (c) Lands Not Open to Mining.—Notwithstanding 6 any other provision of law and subject to valid existing rights, no hardrock mining activity shall be allowed in any 8 of the following: 9 (1) Sacred sites. 10 (2) Wilderness study areas. 11 (3) Areas of critical environmental concern. 12 (4) Units of the National Conservation System. 13 (5) Areas designated for inclusion in the Na-14 tional Wild and Scenic Rivers System pursuant to 15 the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271 et 16 seq.), areas designated for potential addition to such 17 system pursuant to section 5(a) of that Act (16 18 U.S.C. 1276(a)), and areas determined to be eligible 19 for inclusion in such system pursuant to section 5(d) 20 of such Act (16 U.S.C. 1276(d)). 21 (6) Any area identified in the set of inventoried 22 roadless areas maps contained in the Forest Service 23 Roadless Area Conservation Final Environmental 24 Impact Statement, Volume 2, dated November 2000.

1 SEC. 112. SUITABILITY DETERMINATION.

2	(a) In General.—The Secretary concerned shall
3	make each determination of whether lands are suitable for
4	mineral activities that is otherwise required by this Act,
5	in accordance with subsection (b).
6	(b) Suitability.—
7	(1) In General.—The Secretary concerned
8	shall consider lands suitable for mineral activities if
9	the Secretary concerned finds that such activities
10	would not result in undue degradation to a special
11	characteristic described in paragraph (2) that cannot
12	be prevented by the imposition of conditions in the
13	permit required for such activities under title III.
14	(2) Special characteristics.—For purposes
15	of paragraph (1) the Secretary concerned shall con-
16	sider each of the following to be a special char-
17	acteristic:
18	(A) The existence of a significant water re-
19	source or supply in or associated with such
20	lands, including any aquifer or aquifer recharge
21	area.
22	(B) The presence on such lands, or any
23	adjacent lands, of a publicly owned place that
24	is listed on, or determined by the Secretary of
25	the Interior to be eligible for listing on, the Na-
26	tional Register of Historic Places.

1	(C) The designation of all or any portion
2	of such lands, or any adjacent lands, as a Na-
3	tional Conservation System unit.
4	(D) The designation of all or any portion
5	of such lands, or any adjacent lands, as critical
6	habitat under the Endangered Species Act of
7	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).
8	(E) The designation of all or any portion
9	of such lands, or any adjacent lands, as a class
10	I area under section 162 of the Clean Air Act
11	(42 U.S.C. 7472).
12	(F) The presence of such other resource
13	values as the Secretary concerned may by rule
14	specify, determined based upon field testing,
15	evaluation, or credible information that verifies
16	such values.
17	(G) The designation of such lands, or adja-
18	cent lands, as a Research Natural Area.
19	(H) The presence on such lands, or any
20	adjacent lands, of a sacred site.
21	(I) The presence or designation of such
22	lands adjacent to lands not open to mining pur-
23	suant to section 111.
24	(3) A determination under this subsection of
25	suitability for mineral activities shall be made after

1	publication of notice and an opportunity for submis-
2	sion of public comment for a period of not less than
3	60 days.
4	(4) Any determination made in accordance with
5	this subsection with respect to lands shall be incor-
6	porated into each Federal land use plan applicable
7	to such lands, at the time such plan is adopted, re-
8	vised, or significantly amended pursuant to any Fed-
9	eral law other than this Act.
10	(c) Change Request.—The Secretary concerned
11	shall, by rule, provide for an opportunity for any person
12	to request a change in determination for any Federal land
13	found suitable under subsection (a).
14	(d) Existing Operations.—Nothing in this section
15	shall be construed as affecting lands on which mineral ac-
16	tivities were being conducted on the date of enactment of
17	this Act under an approved plan of operations or under
18	notice.
19	TITLE II—CONSULTATION
20	PROCEDURE
21	SEC. 201. REQUIREMENT FOR CONSULTATION.
22	(a) Scope.—Agencies shall have an accountable
23	process to ensure meaningful and timely input by Indian
24	Tribes and Tribal officials prior to undertaking any min-
25	eral activities that may have substantial direct impacts on

- 1 the lands or interests of one or more Indian Tribes, on
- 2 the relationship between the Federal Government and In-
- 3 dian Tribes, or on the distribution of power and respon-
- 4 sibilities between the Federal Government and Indian
- 5 Tribes. Consultation with Indian Tribes shall occur for all
- 6 mineral activities that would affect any part of any Fed-
- 7 eral land that shares a border with Indian country as de-
- 8 fined in section 1151 of title 18, United States Code, but
- 9 is not limited to mineral activities on such lands.
- 10 (b) Multiagency Mineral Activities.—In the
- 11 case of agency-drafted proposed legislation, the drafting
- 12 agency, and any other agency that will be implementing
- 13 the legislation, shall each be considered involved in the
- 14 mineral activity. If more than one agency is involved in
- 15 a mineral activity, some or all of the agencies may des-
- 16 ignate a lead agency, which shall fulfill their collective con-
- 17 sultation responsibilities. Those agencies that do not des-
- 18 ignate a lead agency shall remain individually responsible
- 19 for their consultation responsibilities under this Act.
- 20 (c) Limitation.—Nothing in this Act shall exempt
- 21 an agency from additional consultation required under any
- 22 other law or from taking any other consultative actions
- 23 as required by any other law or agency prerogative in addi-
- 24 tion to those required by this Act. Nor does it preclude
- 25 an agency from additional consultation that complies with

1	agency regulations for consultation, advances agency con-
2	sultation practices, or supports agency efforts to build or
3	strengthen government-to-government relationships with
4	Indian Tribes.
5	(d) Temporary Waiver.—
6	(1) In general.—The agency may temporarily
7	waive the requirements of this title in all or any por-
8	tion of any emergency area during all or any portion
9	of an emergency period.
10	(2) Duration of Waiver.—A temporary waiv-
11	er under this subsection shall end upon the termi-
12	nation of the applicable emergency period.
13	(3) Definitions.—For the purposes of this
14	subsection—
15	(A) the term "emergency area" means a
16	geographical area in which there exists an
17	emergency or disaster declared by the President
18	pursuant to the National Emergencies Act (50
19	U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) or the Robert T. Stafford
20	Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act
21	(42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.); and
22	(B) the term "emergency period" means
23	the period during which there exists an emer-
24	gency or disaster declared by the President pur-
25	suant to the National Emergencies Act (50

1	U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) or the Robert T. Stafford
2	Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act
3	(42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).
4	SEC. 202. TIMING.
5	Consultation under sections 203 and 204 shall be
6	completed before any Federal funds are expended for the
7	mineral activity and before the issuance of any license
8	other than for funding nondestructive project planning
9	mineral activities.
10	SEC. 203. SCOPING STAGE CONSULTATION.
11	(a) Planning Document.—As early as possible in
12	the planning stage of a mineral activity, the agency shall
13	compile a draft of the scope of the project, including any
14	geographic areas important to Indian Tribes that might
15	be affected and any other anticipated Tribal impacts. The
16	agency shall make a good faith effort to include areas that
17	contain sites important to Indian Tribes whether or not
18	such sites are explicitly known to the agency.
19	(b) Initial Consultation Contact.—The agen-
20	cy—
21	(1) shall send, via United States mail and, if
22	possible, email, a copy of the planning document and
23	a letter requesting consultation meetings to the rel-
24	evant Tribal Government officials, including the
25	Tribal leader and all members of any elected Tribal

1	governing body, relevant Tribal governmental agen-
2	cies (including the Tribal Historic Preservation Offi-
3	cer or cultural resource manager), and relevant non-
4	Tribal stakeholders (including the State Historic
5	Preservation Officer and local governments that
6	have jurisdiction on any affected land via agreement
7	with the agency);
8	(2) at the request of an affected Indian Tribe,
9	shall send, via United States mail and, if possible,
10	email, a copy of the planning document and a letter
11	requesting consultation meetings to nongovern-
12	mental Tribal stakeholders, such as elders councils
13	and religious leaders;
14	(3) shall not request consultation with non-
15	governmental Tribal stakeholders without the writ-
16	ten consent of the affected Indian Tribe; and
17	(4) shall follow up with phone calls to confirm
18	receipt of the documents by all intended recipients.
19	(c) Consultation Meeting Arrangements.—The
20	agency shall negotiate with the affected Indian Tribes to
21	determine the time, place, agenda, travel funds, facilitator,
22	format, and goals of a consultation meeting. The agency
23	shall keep thorough documentation of all steps taken to
24	contact and engage the affected Indian Tribes in consulta-
25	tion. If, after a good faith effort, the agency fails to en-

- 1 gage the affected Indian Tribes, it may terminate its
- 2 scoping stage consultation efforts by providing all con-
- 3 sultation partners with a written notification and expla-
- 4 nation for its decision, signed by the head of the agency,
- 5 and proceed to the decision stage procedures described in
- 6 section 204.
- 7 (d) Scoping Stage Consultation Meeting.—A
- 8 scoping stage consultation meeting shall begin with con-
- 9 firmation of the format, facilitator, and agenda, with ade-
- 10 quate time scheduled for introductions and for interaction
- 11 throughout the meeting among participants. Whenever
- 12 possible, Tribal stakeholders shall be brought into the on-
- 13 going planning process directly by forming ad hoc
- 14 workgroups (including Tribal leaders or their designees)
- 15 and, if appropriate, initiating a process for consensual de-
- 16 velopment of regulations, such as negotiated rulemaking.
- 17 A scoping stage consultation meeting shall conclude with
- 18 planning for the next meeting, if necessary.
- 19 (e) TERMINATION OF SCOPING STAGE CONSULTA-
- 20 TION WITH A MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.—
- 21 (1) TERMINATION.—Except as provided by sub-
- section (c), scoping stage consultation shall termi-
- 23 nate upon the execution of a memorandum of agree-
- 24 ment signed by the head of the agency and the af-
- 25 fected Indian Tribal Governments.

1	(2) Signatories.—The affected Indian Tribal
2	Governments and the agency may jointly invite addi-
3	tional parties to be signatories of the memorandum
4	of agreement. The signatories have sole authority to
5	execute, amend, or terminate the memorandum of
6	agreement. If any signatory determines that the
7	terms of the memorandum of agreement cannot be
8	or are not being carried out, the signatories shall
9	consult to seek amendment of the memorandum of
10	agreement. If the memorandum of agreement is not
11	amended, any signatory may terminate the agree-
12	ment, with the option to return to scoping stage con-
13	sultation. The agency shall provide all nonsignatory
14	consulting partners with the opportunity to submit
15	a written statement, explanation, or comment on the
16	consultation proceedings that shall become part of
17	the agency's official consultation record.
18	(3) Memorandum of Agreement.—The
19	memorandum of agreement—
20	(A) may address multiple activities if the
21	activities are similar and repetitive or are
22	multistate or regional in scope, or where routine
23	management activities are undertaken at Fed-
24	eral installations, facilities, or other land man-
25	agement units;

1	(B) may establish standard processes for
2	certain categories of activities determined
3	through consultation and defined in the memo-
4	randum of agreement;
5	(C) shall include a provision for monitoring
6	and reporting on its implementation;
7	(D) shall include provisions for termination
8	or reconsideration if the activity has not been
9	completed within a specified time; and
10	(E) shall include provisions to address new
11	discoveries, which may include halting the activ-
12	ity and returning to scoping stage consultation.
13	(f) TERMINATION OF SCOPING STAGE CONSULTA-
14	TION WITHOUT A MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.—The
15	agency shall make a good faith effort through sustained
16	interaction and collaboration to reach a consensus result-
17	ing in a memorandum of agreement. If, after a good faith
18	effort, the agency determines that further consultation will
19	not be productive, it may terminate consultation by pro-
20	viding all consultation partners with a written notification
21	and explanation for its decision, signed by the head of the
22	agency, and proceed to the decision stage procedures de-
23	scribed in section 204. The affected Indian Tribal Govern-
24	ments may at any point decide to terminate consultation.
25	In such case, the agency shall provide the affected Indian

- 1 Tribal Governments with the opportunity to submit a writ-
- 2 ten statement, explanation, or comment on the consulta-
- 3 tion proceedings that will become part of the agency's offi-
- 4 cial consultation record.

5 SEC. 204. DECISION STAGE PROCEDURES.

- 6 (a) Proposal Document.—The agency shall com-
- 7 pile a document consisting of the plan for the activity, its
- 8 anticipated Tribal impacts, any memorandum of agree-
- 9 ment, and any written statements made by consulting
- 10 partners during the scoping stage as described in section
- 11 203. The agency shall include sufficient supporting docu-
- 12 mentation to the extent permitted by law and within avail-
- 13 able funds to enable any reviewing parties to understand
- 14 its basis. The agency may use documentation prepared to
- 15 comply with other laws to fulfill the requirements of this
- 16 provision to the extent that such documentation is suffi-
- 17 ciently pertinent to and focused on the relevant issues as
- 18 to allow reasonable ease of review. The agency shall mail
- 19 and, if possible, email a copy of the Proposal Document
- 20 to all affected Indian Tribal Governments, including those
- 21 that withdrew from the process. At a minimum, the docu-
- 22 ment shall go to the Tribal leader and all members of any
- 23 elected Tribal governing body. The agency shall follow up
- 24 to confirm receipt of the document. After these steps have
- 25 been completed, the Proposal Document shall be published

- 1 in the Federal Register, subject to the provisions of section
- 2 207.
- 3 (b) Public Comment Period.—The agency shall
- 4 provide a period of not less than 90 days after publication
- 5 in the Federal Register for comments on the Proposal
- 6 Document. A 30-day extension shall be granted upon re-
- 7 quest by any member of any of the affected Indian Tribal
- 8 governing bodies.
- 9 (c) Preliminary Decision.—After expiration of the
- 10 comment period, the agency shall prepare a preliminary
- 11 decision letter, signed by the head of the agency. The let-
- 12 ter shall state the decision to proceed or not proceed with
- 13 the mineral activity, the decision's rationale, any changes
- 14 in the proposal made in response to comments, and any
- 15 points where the decision conflicts with the expressed re-
- 16 quests of any of the affected Indian Tribes. It shall par-
- 17 ticularly address why the decision was made to disregard
- 18 any such requests. The agency shall mail and, if possible,
- 19 email a copy of the letter to all affected Indian Tribal Gov-
- 20 ernments, including those that withdrew from the process.
- 21 At a minimum, the letter shall go to the Tribal leader and
- 22 all members of the Tribal governing body. The agency
- 23 shall follow up to confirm receipt of the letter.
- 24 (d) Final Decision.—The agency shall provide a
- 25 60-day period following the issuance of the preliminary de-

- 1 cision letter for response by the affected Indian Tribes.
- 2 Thereafter, the agency shall notify in writing, signed by
- 3 the head of the agency, the affected Indian Tribal Govern-
- 4 ments, including those that withdrew from the process, of
- 5 the agency's final decision.

6 SEC. 205. DOCUMENTATION AND REPORTING.

- 7 (a) Official Consultation Record.—The agency
- 8 shall keep an official consultation record that allows accu-
- 9 rate tracking of the process so that agencies and con-
- 10 sulting parties can correct any errors or omissions, and
- 11 provides an official record of the process that can be re-
- 12 ferred to in any litigation that may arise. The agency shall
- 13 document all efforts to initiate consultation as well as doc-
- 14 umenting the process once it has begun. Such documenta-
- 15 tion, including correspondence, telephone logs, and emails,
- 16 shall be included in the agency's official consultation
- 17 record. The agency shall also keep notes so that the con-
- 18 sultation record documents the content of consultation
- 19 meetings, site visits, and phone calls in addition to infor-
- 20 mation about dates and who participated.
- 21 (b) Payment for Tribal Documentation
- 22 WORK.—If the agency asks an Indian Tribe for specific
- 23 information or documentation regarding the location, na-
- 24 ture, and condition of individual sites, to conduct a survey,
- 25 or in any way fulfill the duties of the agency in a role

- 1 similar to that of a consultant or contractor, then the
- 2 agency must pay for such services, if so requested by the
- 3 Indian Tribe, as it would for any private consultant or
- 4 contractor.
- 5 (c) Report to Congress.—Each agency shall on a
- 6 biennial basis submit to Congress a report on its consulta-
- 7 tion activities.

8 SEC. 206. IMPLEMENTATION.

- 9 Not later than 30 days after the date of the enact-
- 10 ment of this Act, the head of each agency shall designate
- 11 an official with principal responsibility for the agency's re-
- 12 view of existing consultation and coordination policies and
- 13 procedures, and implementation of this Act. Not later than
- 14 60 days after the effective date of this order, the des-
- 15 ignated official shall submit to the Office of Management
- 16 and Budget a description of the agency's revised consulta-
- 17 tion process in conformity with this Act.

18 SEC. 207. SENSITIVE TRIBAL INFORMATION.

- 19 Notwithstanding any provision of the Administrative
- 20 Procedures Act, consultation meetings shall be closed to
- 21 the public at the request of the Indian Tribal Government.
- 22 Notwithstanding any provision of the Freedom of Infor-
- 23 mation Act, all information designated by the Indian Tribe
- 24 as sensitive, such as the location of sacred sites or other
- 25 details of cultural or religious practices, shall be deleted

- 1 from any public publication made as part of the consulta-
- 2 tion process or in the process of carrying out the activity.
- 3 Once information has been designated as sensitive, the
- 4 agency will determine in consultation with the Indian
- 5 Tribe who may have access to the information for the pur-
- 6 poses of carrying out the mineral activity.

7 TITLE III—ENVIRONMENTAL

- 8 CONSIDERATIONS OF MIN-
- 9 ERAL EXPLORATION AND DE-
- 10 **VELOPMENT**
- 11 SEC. 301. GENERAL STANDARD FOR HARDROCK MINING ON
- 12 FEDERAL LAND.
- Notwithstanding section 302(b) of the Federal Land
- 14 Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1732(b)),
- 15 the first section of the Act of June 4, 1897 (chapter 2;
- 16 30 Stat. 36; 16 U.S.C. 478), and the National Forest
- 17 Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1600 et seq.), and
- 18 in accordance with this title and applicable law, unless ex-
- 19 pressly stated otherwise in this Act, the Secretary shall
- 20 ensure that mineral activities on any Federal land that
- 21 is subject to a mining claim, millsite claim, tunnel site
- 22 claim, or any authorization issued under title I of this Act
- 23 are carefully controlled to prevent undue degradation of
- 24 public lands and resources.

1 SEC. 302. PERMITS.

- 2 (a) Permits Required.—No person may engage in
- 3 mineral activities on Federal land that may cause a dis-
- 4 turbance of surface resources, including land, air, ground
- 5 water and surface water, and fish and wildlife, unless a
- 6 permit was issued to such person under this title author-
- 7 izing such activities.
- 8 (b) Negligible Disturbance.—Notwithstanding
- 9 subsection (a), a permit under this title shall not be re-
- 10 quired for mineral activities that are a casual use of the
- 11 Federal land.
- 12 (c) COORDINATION WITH NEPA PROCESS.—To the
- 13 extent practicable, the Secretary and the Secretary of Ag-
- 14 riculture shall conduct the permit processes under this Act
- 15 in coordination with the timing and other requirements
- 16 under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy
- 17 Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

18 SEC. 303. EXPLORATION PERMIT.

- 19 (a) AUTHORIZED EXPLORATION ACTIVITY.—Any ap-
- 20 plicant may apply for an exploration permit for any min-
- 21 ing claim, license, or lease authorizing the applicant to re-
- 22 move a reasonable amount of the hardrock minerals, as
- 23 defined in the license or lease or established in such regu-
- 24 lations as the Secretary shall promulgate, from the area
- 25 that is subject to the claim, license, or lease, respectively,
- 26 for analysis, study, and testing. Such permit shall not au-

1	thorize the applicant to remove any mineral for sale nor
2	to conduct any activities other than those required for ex-
3	ploration for hardrock minerals and reclamation.
4	(b) PERMIT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.—An ap-
5	plication for an exploration permit under this section shall
6	be submitted in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary
7	concerned, and shall contain an exploration plan, a rec-
8	lamation plan for the proposed exploration, and such docu-
9	mentation as necessary to ensure compliance with applica-
10	ble Federal and State environmental laws and regulations.
11	(c) RECLAMATION PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—The rec-
12	lamation plan required to be included in a permit applica-
13	tion under subsection (b) shall include such provisions as
14	may be jointly prescribed by the Secretary and the Sec-
15	retary of Agriculture by regulations. Such regulations
16	shall, at a minimum, require the following:
17	(1) The applicant has demonstrated that pro-
18	posed reclamation can be accomplished.
19	(2) The proposed exploration activities and con-
20	dition of the land after the completion of exploration
21	activities and final reclamation will conform with the
22	land use plan applicable to the area subject to min-
23	eral activities.
24	(3) The area subject to the proposed permit is
25	not included within an area listed in section 111.

1	(4) The applicant has demonstrated that the
2	exploration plan and reclamation plan will be in
3	compliance with the requirements of this Act and all
4	other applicable Federal requirements, and any
5	State requirements agreed to by the Secretary con-
6	cerned.
7	(5) The applicant has demonstrated that the re-
8	quirements of section 306 will be met.
9	(6) The applicant is eligible to receive a permit
10	under section 305.
11	(d) Term of Permit.—An exploration permit shall
12	be for a stated term. The term shall be no greater than
13	that necessary to accomplish the proposed exploration,
14	and in no case for more than 10 years.
15	(e) Permit Modification.—During the term of an
16	exploration permit the permit holder may submit an appli-
17	cation to modify the permit. To approve a proposed modi-
18	fication to the permit, the Secretary concerned shall make
19	the same determinations as are required in the case of
20	an original permit, except that the Secretary and the Sec-
21	retary of Agriculture may specify by joint rule the extent
22	to which requirements for initial exploration permits under
23	this section shall apply to applications to modify an explo-
24	ration permit based on whether such modifications are
25	deemed significant or minor.

1	(f) Transfer, Assignment, or Sale of Rights.—
2	(1) Prior written approval.—No transfer,
3	assignment, or sale of rights granted by a permit
4	issued under this section shall be made without the
5	prior written approval of the Secretary concerned.
6	(2) APPROVAL.—Such Secretary shall allow a
7	person holding a permit to transfer, assign, or sell
8	rights under the permit to a successor, if the Sec-
9	retary finds in writing that the successor—
10	(A) is eligible to receive a permit under
11	section 304;
12	(B) has submitted evidence of financial as-
13	surance satisfactory under section 306; and
14	(C) meets any other requirements specified
15	by the Secretary.
16	(3) Assumed Liability.—The successor in in-
17	terest shall assume the liability and reclamation re-
18	sponsibilities established by the existing permit and
19	shall conduct the mineral activities in full compli-
20	ance with this Act, and the terms and conditions of
21	the permit as in effect at the time of transfer, as-
22	signment, or sale.
23	(4) Fee.—Each application for approval of a
24	permit transfer, assignment, or sale pursuant to this
25	subsection shall be accompanied by a fee payable to

1 the Secretary of the Interior in such amount as may 2 be established by such Secretary. Such amount shall 3 be equal to the actual or anticipated cost to the Sec-4 retary or the Secretary of Agriculture, as appro-5 priate, of reviewing and approving or disapproving 6 such transfer, assignment, or sale, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior. 7 8 SEC. 304. OPERATIONS PERMIT. 9 (a) Operations Permit.—(1) Any applicant that is 10 in compliance with all provisions of this Act may apply to the Secretary concerned for an operations permit au-12 thorizing the applicant to carry out mineral activities, 13 other than casual use, on— 14 (A) any valid mining claim, valid millsite claim, 15 valid tunnel site claim, or lease issued under this 16 Act; and 17 (B) such additional Federal land as the Sec-18 retary may determine is necessary to conduct the 19 proposed mineral activities, if the operator obtains a 20 right-of-way permit for use of such additional lands 21 under title V of the Federal Land Policy and Man-22 agement Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1761 et seq.) and 23 agrees to pay all fees required under that title for 24 the permit under that title.

1	(2) If the Secretary decides to issue such permit, the
2	permit shall include such terms and conditions as pre-
3	scribed by such Secretary to carry out this title.
4	(b) PERMIT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.—An ap-
5	plication for an operations permit under this section shall
6	be submitted in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary
7	concerned and shall contain site characterization data, an
8	operations plan, a reclamation plan, monitoring plans,
9	long-term maintenance plans, to the extent necessary, and
10	such documentation as necessary to ensure compliance
11	with applicable Federal and State environmental laws and
12	regulations. If the proposed mineral activities will be car-
13	ried out in conjunction with mineral activities on adjacent
14	non-Federal lands, information on the location and nature
15	of such operations may be required by the Secretary.
16	(c) Permit Issuance or Denial.—(1) After pro-
17	viding for public participation pursuant to subsection (i),
18	the Secretary concerned shall issue an operations permit
19	if such Secretary makes each of the following determina-
20	tions in writing, and shall deny a permit if such Secretary
21	finds that the application and applicant do not fully meet
22	the following requirements:
23	(A) The permit application, including the site
24	characterization data, operations plan, and reclama-
25	tion plan, are complete and accurate and sufficient

1	for developing a good understanding of the antici-
2	pated impacts of the mineral activities and the effec-
3	tiveness of proposed mitigation and control.
4	(B) The applicant has demonstrated that the
5	proposed reclamation in the operation and reclama-
6	tion plan can be and is likely to be accomplished by
7	the applicant and will not cause undue degradation.
8	(C) The condition of the land, including the fish
9	and wildlife resources and habitat contained thereon,
10	after the completion of mineral activities and final
11	reclamation, will conform to the land use plan appli-
12	cable to the area subject to mineral activities and
13	are returned to a productive use.
14	(D) The area subject to the proposed plan is
15	not listed in section 111 or otherwise ineligible for
16	mineral activities.
17	(E) The proposed operation has been designed
18	to prevent material damage to the hydrologic bal-
19	ance outside the permit area.
20	(F) The applicant will fully comply with the re-
21	quirements of section 306 prior to the initiation of
22	operations.
23	(G) Neither the applicant nor operator, nor any
24	subsidiary, affiliate, or person controlled by or under

1	common control with the applicant or operator, is in-
2	eligible to receive a permit under section 305.
3	(H) The reclamation plan demonstrates that 10
4	years following mine closure, no treatment of surface
5	or ground water for carcinogens or toxins will be re-
6	quired to meet water quality standards at the point
7	of discharge.
8	(2) With respect to any activities specified in the rec-
9	lamation plan referred to in subsection (b) that constitute
10	a removal or remedial action under section 101 of the
11	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation,
12	and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601), the Secretary
13	shall consult with the Administrator of the Environmental
14	Protection Agency prior to the issuance of an operations
15	permit. The Administrator of the Environmental Protec-
16	tion Agency shall ensure that the reclamation plan does
17	not require activities that would increase the costs or like-
18	lihood of removal or remedial actions under the Com-
19	prehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and
20	Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) or correc-
21	tive actions under the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42
22	U.S.C. 6901 et seq.).
23	(d) Term of Permit; Renewal.—
24	(1) In general.—An operations permit—

1	(A) shall be for an initial term not longer
2	than the shorter of—
3	(i) the period necessary to accomplish
4	the proposed mineral activities subject to
5	the permit; and
6	(ii) the length of time remaining on
7	the applicant's hardrock mining lease;
8	(B) shall be renewed for an additional 10-
9	year period if the operation is in compliance
10	with the requirements of this Act and other ap-
11	plicable law; and
12	(C) shall expire 5 years following the com-
13	mencement of a temporary cessation unless,
14	prior to the expiration of the 5 years, the mine
15	operator has filed with the Secretary a request
16	for approval to resume operations.
17	(2) Failure to commence mineral activi-
18	TIES.—Failure by the operator to commence mineral
19	activities within 2 years of the date scheduled in an
20	operations permit shall require a modification of the
21	permit if the Secretary concerned determines that
22	modifications are necessary to comply with section
23	111.
24	(e) Permit Modification.—

1	(1) APPLICATION.—During the term of an op-
2	erations permit the operator may submit an applica-
3	tion to modify the permit (including the operations
4	plan or reclamation plan).
5	(2) Modification by the secretary con-
6	CERNED.—The Secretary concerned may, at any
7	time, require reasonable modification to any oper-
8	ations plan or reclamation plan upon a determina-
9	tion that the requirements of this Act cannot be met
10	if the plan is followed as approved. Such determina-
11	tion shall be based on a written finding and subject
12	to public notice and hearing requirements estab-
13	lished by the Secretary concerned.
14	(3) Unanticipated events or condi-
15	TIONS.—A permit modification is required before
16	changes are made to the approved plan of oper-
17	ations, or if unanticipated events or conditions exist
18	on the mine site, including in the case of—
19	(A) development of acid or toxic drainage;
20	(B) loss of springs or water supplies;
21	(C) water quantity, water quality, or other
22	resulting water impacts that are significantly
23	different than those predicted in the applica-
24	tion;

1	(D) the need for long-term water treat-
2	ment;
3	(E) significant reclamation difficulties or
4	reclamation failure;
5	(F) the discovery of significant scientific,
6	cultural, or biological resources that were not
7	addressed in the original plan; or
8	(G) the discovery of hazards to public safe-
9	ty.
10	(f) Temporary Cessation of Operations.—
11	(1) Secretarial approval required.—An
12	operator conducting mineral activities under an op-
13	erations permit in effect under this title may not
14	temporarily cease mineral activities for a period
15	greater than 180 days unless the Secretary con-
16	cerned has approved such temporary cessation or
17	unless the temporary cessation is permitted under
18	the original permit.
19	(2) Previously issued operations per-
20	MITS.—Any operator temporarily ceasing mineral ac-
21	tivities for a period greater than 90 days under an
22	operations permit issued before the date of the en-
23	actment of this Act shall submit, before the expira-
24	tion of such 90-day period, a complete application
25	for temporary cessation of operations to the Sec-

1	retary concerned for approval unless the temporary
2	cessation is permitted under the original permit.
3	(3) Required information.—An application
4	for approval of temporary cessation of operations
5	shall include such information required under sub-
6	section (b) and any other provisions prescribed by
7	the Secretary concerned to minimize impacts on the
8	environment. After receipt of a complete application
9	for temporary cessation of operations such Secretary
10	shall conduct an inspection of the area for which
11	temporary cessation of operations has been re-
12	quested.
13	(4) Conditions for approval.—To approve
14	an application for temporary cessation of operations,
15	the Secretary concerned shall make each of the fol-
16	lowing determinations:
17	(A) A determination that the methods for
18	securing surface facilities and restricting access
19	to the permit area, or relevant portions thereof,
20	will effectively protect against hazards to the
21	health and safety of the public and fish and
22	wildlife.
23	(B) A determination that reclamation is in
24	compliance with the approved reclamation plan,
25	except in those areas specifically designated in

1	the application for temporary cessation of oper-
2	ations for which a delay in meeting such stand-
3	ards is necessary to facilitate the resumption of
4	operations.
5	(C) A determination that the amount of fi-
6	nancial assurance filed with the permit applica-
7	tion is sufficient to assure completion of the
8	reclamation activities identified in the approved
9	reclamation plan in the event of forfeiture.
10	(D) A determination that any outstanding
11	notices of violation and cessation orders in-
12	curred in connection with the plan for which
13	temporary cessation is being requested are ei-
14	ther stayed pursuant to an administrative or ju-
15	dicial appeal proceeding or are in the process of
16	being abated to the satisfaction of the Secretary
17	concerned.
18	(g) Permit Reviews.—The Secretary concerned
19	shall review each permit issued under this section every
20	10 years during the term of such permit, and before ap-
21	proving the resumption of operations under subsection (f),
22	such Secretary shall require the operator to take such ac-
23	tions as the Secretary deems necessary to assure that min-
24	eral activities conform to the permit, including adjustment
25	of financial assurance requirements.

1	(h) Transfer, Assignment, or Sale of
2	Rights.—
3	(1) Written approval.—No transfer, assign-
4	ment, or sale of rights granted by a permit under
5	this section shall be made without the prior written
6	approval of the Secretary concerned.
7	(2) Conditions of Approval.—The Secretary
8	concerned may allow a person holding a permit to
9	transfer, assign, or sell rights under the permit to
10	a successor, if such Secretary finds, in writing, that
11	the successor—
12	(A) has submitted all required information
13	and is eligible to receive a permit in accordance
14	with section 305;
15	(B) has submitted evidence of financial as-
16	surance satisfactory under section 306; and
17	(C) meets any other requirements specified
18	by such Secretary.
19	(3) Assumed Liability.—The successor in in-
20	terest shall assume the liability and reclamation re-
21	sponsibilities established by the existing permit and
22	shall conduct the mineral activities in full compli-
23	ance with this Act, and the terms and conditions of
24	the permit as in effect at the time of transfer, as-
25	signment, or sale.

1	(4) FEE.—Each application for approval of a
2	permit transfer, assignment, or sale pursuant to this
3	subsection shall be accompanied by a fee payable to
4	the Secretary concerned in such amount as may be
5	established by such Secretary. Such amount shall be
6	equal to the actual or anticipated cost of reviewing
7	and approving or disapproving such transfer, assign-
8	ment, or sale, as determined by such Secretary.
9	(i) Public Participation.—The Secretary of the
10	Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall jointly pro-
11	mulgate regulations to ensure transparency and public
12	participation in permit decisions required under this Act,
13	consistent with any requirements that apply to such deci-
14	sions under section 102 of the National Environmental
15	Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).
16	SEC. 305. PERSONS INELIGIBLE FOR PERMITS.
17	(a) Current Violations.—Unless corrective action
18	has been taken in accordance with subsection (c), no per-
19	mit under this title shall be issued or transferred to an
20	applicant if the applicant or any agent of the applicant,
21	the operator (if different than the applicant), any claim,
22	license, or lease holder (if different than the applicant) of
23	the claim, license, or lease concerned, or any affiliate or
24	officer or director of the applicant is currently in violation
25	of any of the following:

1	(1) A provision of this Act or any regulation
2	under this Act.
3	(2) An applicable State or Federal toxic sub-
4	stance, solid waste, air, water quality, or fish and
5	wildlife conservation law or regulation at any site
6	where mining, beneficiation, or processing activities
7	are occurring or have occurred.
8	(3) The Surface Mining Control and Reclama-
9	tion Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.) or any
10	regulation implementing that Act at any site where
11	surface coal mining operations have occurred or are
12	occurring.
13	(b) Suspension.—The Secretary concerned shall
14	suspend an operations permit, in whole or in part, if such
15	Secretary determines that any of the entities described in
16	subsection (a) were in violation of any requirement listed
17	in subsection (a) at the time the permit was issued.
18	(c) Correction.—
19	(1) Reinstatement.—The Secretary con-
20	cerned may issue or reinstate a permit under this
21	title if the applicant submits proof that the violation
22	referred to in subsection (a) or (b) has been cor-
23	rected or is in the process of being corrected to the
24	satisfaction of such Secretary and the regulatory au-
25	thority involved or if the applicant submits proof

1 that the violator has filed and is presently pursuing, 2 a direct administrative or judicial appeal to contest the existence of the violation. For purposes of this 3 section, an appeal of any applicant's relationship to 5 an affiliate shall not constitute a direct administra-6 tive or judicial appeal to contest the existence of the 7 violation. 8 (2)CONDITIONAL APPROVAL.—Any permit 9 which is issued or reinstated based upon proof sub-10 mitted under this subsection shall be conditionally 11 approved or conditionally reinstated, as the case may 12 be. If the violation is not successfully abated or the 13 violation is upheld on appeal, the permit shall be 14 suspended or revoked. 15 (d) Pattern of Willful Violations.—No permit may be issued under this Act to any applicant if there 16 is a demonstrated pattern of willful violations of the envi-17 18 ronmental protection requirements of this Act by the ap-19 plicant, any affiliate of the applicant, or the operator or claim, license, or lease holder if different than the appli-21 cant. SEC. 306. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE. 23 (a) Financial Assurance Required.— 24 (1) FORM OF ASSURANCE.—After a permit is 25 issued under this title and before any exploration or

- 1 operations begin under the permit, the operator shall 2 file with the Secretary concerned evidence of finan-3 cial assurance payable to the United States. The financial assurance shall be provided in the form of a 5 surety bond, a trust fund, letters of credits, govern-6 ment securities, certificates of deposit, cash, or an 7 equivalent form approved by such Secretary. 8 (2) Covered activities.—The financial assur-9 ance shall cover all lands within the initial permit 10
- ance shall cover all lands within the initial permit area and all affected waters that may require restoration, treatment, or other management as a result of mineral activities, and shall be extended to cover all lands and waters added pursuant to any permit modification made under section 303(e) or section 304(e), or affected by mineral activities.
- 16 (b) Amount.—The amount of the financial assur-17 ance required under this section shall be sufficient to as-18 sure the completion of reclamation and restoration satis-19 fying the requirements of this Act if the work were to be performed by the Secretary concerned in the event of for-21 feiture, including the construction and maintenance costs 22 for any treatment facilities necessary to meet Federal and 23 State environmental requirements. The calculation of such amount shall take into account the maximum level of financial exposure which shall arise during the mineral ac-

- 1 tivity and administrative costs associated with a govern-
- 2 ment agency reclaiming the site.
- 3 (c) Duration.—The financial assurance required
- 4 under this section shall be held for the duration of the
- 5 mineral activities and for an additional period to cover the
- 6 operator's responsibility for reclamation, restoration, and
- 7 long-term maintenance, and effluent treatment as speci-
- 8 fied in subsection (g).
- 9 (d) Adjustments.—The amount of the financial as-
- 10 surance and the terms of the acceptance of the assurance
- 11 may be adjusted by the Secretary concerned from time to
- 12 time as the area requiring coverage is increased or de-
- 13 creased, or where the costs of reclamation or treatment
- 14 change, or pursuant to section 304(f), but the financial
- 15 assurance shall otherwise be in compliance with this sec-
- 16 tion. The Secretary concerned shall review the financial
- 17 guarantee every 3 years and as part of the permit applica-
- 18 tion review under section 304(g).
- 19 (e) Release.—Upon request, and after notice and
- 20 opportunity for public comment, and after inspection by
- 21 the Secretary concerned, such Secretary may, after con-
- 22 sultation with the Administrator of the Environmental
- 23 Protection Agency, release in whole or in part the financial
- 24 assurance required under this section if the Secretary
- 25 makes both of the following determinations:

1	(1) A determination that reclamation or res-
2	toration covered by the financial assurance has been
3	accomplished as required by this Act.
4	(2) A determination that the terms and condi-
5	tions of any other applicable Federal requirements,
6	and State requirements applicable pursuant to coop-
7	erative agreements under section 308, have been ful-
8	filled.
9	(f) Release Schedule.—The release referred to in
10	subsection (e) shall be according to the following schedule:
11	(1) After the operator has completed any re-
12	quired backfilling, regrading, and drainage control of
13	an area subject to mineral activities and covered by
14	the financial assurance, and has commenced revege-
15	tation on the regraded areas subject to mineral ac-
16	tivities in accordance with the approved plan, that
17	portion of the total financial assurance secured for
18	the area subject to mineral activities attributable to
19	the completed activities may be released except that
20	sufficient assurance must be retained to address
21	other required reclamation and restoration needs
22	and to assure the long-term success of the revegeta-
23	tion.
24	(2) After the operator has completed success-
25	fully all remaining mineral activities and reclamation

- 1 activities and all requirements of the operations plan
- 2 and the reclamation plan, and all other requirements
- 3 of this Act have been fully met, the remaining por-
- 4 tion of the financial assurance may be released.
- 5 During the period following release of the financial assur-
- 6 ance as specified in paragraph (1), until the remaining
- 7 portion of the financial assurance is released as provided
- 8 in paragraph (2), the operator shall be required to comply
- 9 with the permit issued under this title.
- 10 (g) Effluent.—Notwithstanding section 307(b)(4),
- 11 where any discharge or other water-related condition re-
- 12 sulting from the mineral activities requires treatment in
- 13 order to meet the applicable effluent limitations and water
- 14 quality standards, the financial assurance shall include the
- 15 estimated cost of maintaining such treatment for the pro-
- 16 jected period that will be needed after the cessation of
- 17 mineral activities. The portion of the financial assurance
- 18 attributable to such estimated cost of treatment shall not
- 19 be released until the discharge has ceased for a period of
- 20 5 years, as determined by ongoing monitoring and testing,
- 21 or, if the discharge continues, until the operator has met
- 22 all applicable effluent limitations and water quality stand-
- 23 ards for 5 full years without treatment.
- 24 (h) Environmental Hazards.—If the Secretary
- 25 concerned determines, after final release of financial as-

- 1 surance, that an environmental hazard resulting from the 2 mineral activities exists, or the terms and conditions of 3 the explorations or operations permit of this Act were not 4 fulfilled in fact at the time of release, such Secretary shall
- 4 fulfilled in fact at the time of release, such Secretary shall
- 5 issue an order under section 606 requiring the claim hold-
- 6 er or operator (or any person who controls the claim hold-
- 7 er or operator) to correct the condition such that applica-
- 8 ble laws and regulations and any conditions from the plan
- 9 of operations are met.

10 SEC. 307. OPERATION AND RECLAMATION.

- 11 (a) GENERAL RULE.—(1) The operator shall restore
- 12 lands subject to mineral activities carried out under a per-
- 13 mit issued under this title to a condition capable of sup-
- 14 porting—
- 15 (A) the uses which such lands were capable of
- supporting prior to surface disturbance by the oper-
- 17 ator; or
- (B) other beneficial uses which conform to ap-
- 19 plicable land use plans as determined by the Sec-
- 20 retary concerned.
- 21 (2) Reclamation shall proceed as contemporaneously
- 22 as practicable with the conduct of mineral activities. In
- 23 the case of a cessation of mineral activities beyond that
- 24 provided for as a temporary cessation under this Act, rec-
- 25 lamation activities shall begin immediately.

1	(b) Operation and Reclamation Standards.—
2	The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agri-
3	culture shall jointly promulgate regulations that establish
4	operation and reclamation standards for mineral activities
5	permitted under this Act. The Secretaries may determine
6	whether outcome-based performance standards or tech-
7	nology-based design standards are most appropriate. The
8	regulations shall address the following:
9	(1) Segregation, protection, and replacement of
10	topsoil or other suitable growth medium, and the
11	prevention, where possible, of soil contamination.
12	(2) Maintenance of the stability of all surface
13	areas.
14	(3) Control of sediments to prevent erosion and
15	manage drainage.
16	(4) Minimization of the formation and migra-
17	tion of acidic, alkaline, metal-bearing, or other dele-
18	terious leachate.
19	(5) Reduction of the visual impact of mineral
20	activities to the surrounding topography, including
21	as necessary pit backfill.
22	(6) Establishment of a diverse, effective, and
23	permanent vegetative cover of the same seasonal va-
24	riety native to the area affected by mineral activities,

1	and equal in extent of cover to the natural vegeta-
2	tion of the area.
3	(7) Design and maintenance of leach oper-
4	ations, impoundments, and excess waste according to
5	standard engineering standards to achieve and main-
6	tain stability and reclamation of the site.
7	(8) Removal of structures and roads and seal-
8	ing of drill holes.
9	(9) Restoration of, or mitigation for, fish and
10	wildlife habitat disturbed by mineral activities.
11	(10) Preservation of cultural, paleontological,
12	and cave resources.
13	(11) Prevention and suppression of fire in the
14	area of mineral activities.
15	(c) Surface or Ground Water Withdrawals.—
16	The Secretary concerned shall work with State and local
17	governments with authority over the allocation and use of
18	surface and ground water in the area around the mine
19	site as necessary to ensure that any surface or ground
20	water withdrawals made as a result of mining activities
21	approved under this section do not cause undue degrada-
22	tion.
23	(d) Special Rule.—Reclamation activities for a
24	mining claim, license, or lease that has been forfeited, re-
25	linquished, or lapsed, or a plan that has expired or been

revoked or suspended, shall continue subject to review and 2 approval by the Secretary concerned. 3 SEC. 308. STATE LAW AND REGULATION. 4 (a) State Law.— 5 (1)RECLAMATION, LAND USE, ENVIRON-6 MENTAL, AND PUBLIC HEALTH STANDARDS.—Any 7 reclamation, land use, environmental, or public 8 health protection standard or requirement in State 9 law or regulation that meets or exceeds the require-10 ments of this Act shall not be construed to be incon-11 sistent with any such standard. 12 (2) Bonding requirements.—Any bonding standard or requirement in State law or regulation 13 14 that meets or exceeds the requirements of this Act 15 shall not be construed to be inconsistent with such 16 requirements. 17 (3) Inspection standards.—Any inspection 18 standard or requirement in State law or regulation 19 that meets or exceeds the requirements of this Act 20 shall not be construed to be inconsistent with such 21 requirements. 22 (b) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER STATE REQUIRE-23 MENTS.— 24 (1) Environmental standards.—Nothing in 25 this Act shall be construed as affecting any toxic

- 85 1 substance, solid waste, or air or water quality, 2 standard or requirement of any State, county, local, 3 or Tribal law or regulation, which may be applicable 4 to mineral activities on lands subject to this Act. (2) Water resources.—Nothing in this Act 5 6 shall be construed as affecting in any way the right 7 of any person to enforce or protect, under applicable 8 law, such person's interest in water resources af-9 fected by mineral activities on lands subject to this 10 Act. 11 (c) Cooperative Agreements.— 12 (1) In General.—Any State may enter into a cooperative agreement with the Secretary concerned 13 14 for the purposes of such Secretary applying such 15 standards and requirements referred to in subsection 16 (a) and subsection (b) to mineral activities or rec-17 lamation on lands subject to this Act. 18 (2) Common regulatory framework.—In 19 such instances where the proposed mineral activities
 - would affect lands not subject to this Act in addition to lands subject to this Act, in order to approve a plan of operations the Secretary concerned shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the State that sets forth a common regulatory framework consistent with the requirements of this Act for the pur-

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1	poses of such plan of operations. Any such common
2	regulatory framework shall not negate the authority
3	of the Federal Government to independently inspect
4	mines and operations and bring enforcement actions
5	for violations.
6	(3) Notice and public comment.—The Sec-
7	retary concerned shall not enter into a cooperative
8	agreement with any State under this section until
9	after notice in the Federal Register and opportunity
10	for public comment and hearing.
11	(d) Prior Agreements.—Any cooperative agree-
12	ment or such other understanding between the Secretary
13	concerned and any State, or political subdivision thereof,
14	relating to the management of mineral activities on lands
15	subject to this Act that was in existence on the date of
16	enactment of this Act may only continue in force until 1
17	year after the date of enactment of this Act. During such
18	1-year period, the State and the Secretary shall review the
19	terms of the agreement and make changes that are nec-

20 essary to be consistent with this Act.

1 TITLE IV—ABANDONED 2 HARDROCK MINE RECLAMATION

- 3 SEC. 401. ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.
- 4 (a) Establishment.—There is established in the
- 5 Department of the Treasury a separate account to be
- 6 known as the Hardrock Minerals Reclamation Fund.
- 7 (b) INVESTMENT.—The Secretary shall notify the
- 8 Secretary of the Treasury as to what portion of the Fund
- 9 is not, in the Secretary's judgment, required to meet cur-
- 10 rent withdrawals. The Secretary of the Treasury shall in-
- 11 vest such portion of the Fund in public debt securities
- 12 with maturities suitable for the needs of such Fund and
- 13 bearing interest at rates determined by the Secretary of
- 14 the Treasury, taking into consideration current market
- 15 yields on outstanding marketplace obligations of the
- 16 United States of comparable maturities.
- 17 (c) Administration.—In addition to other uses au-
- 18 thorized by this title, the Secretary may use amounts in
- 19 the Fund as necessary for the administrative expenses of
- 20 the United States, Indian Tribes, and the States to imple-
- 21 ment this title.
- 22 SEC. 402. CONTENTS OF FUND.
- The following amounts shall be credited to the Fund:
- 24 (1) All moneys collected pursuant to section
- 25 502 and section 506.

1	(2) All fees received under section
2	304(a)(1)(B).
3	(3) All donations by persons, corporations, as-
4	sociations, and foundations for the purposes of this
5	title.
6	(4) All amounts deposited in the Fund under
7	title I.
8	(5) All income on investments under section
9	401(b).
10	(6) All amounts deposited in the Fund under
11	section 403.
12	SEC. 403. DISPLACED MATERIAL RECLAMATION FEE.
13	(a) Imposition of Fee.—Except as provided in sub-
14	section (g), each operator conducting hardrock mineral ac-
15	tivities shall pay to the Secretary, for deposit in the
16	Hardrock Minerals Fund established by section 502, a dis-
17	placed material reclamation fee of 7 cents per ton of dis-
18	placed material.
19	(b) Payment Deadline.—Such reclamation fee
20	shall be paid not later than 60 days after the end of each
21	calendar year beginning with the first calendar year occur-
22	ring after the date of enactment of this Act.
23	(c) Submission of Statement.—Together with
24	such reclamation fee, all operators conducting hardrock
25	mineral activities shall submit to the Secretary a state-

- 1 ment of the amount of displaced material produced during
- 2 mineral activities during the previous calendar year, the
- 3 accuracy of which shall be sworn to by the operator and
- 4 notarized.
- 5 (d) Penalty.—Any corporate officer, agent, or di-
- 6 rector of a person conducting hardrock mineral activities,
- 7 and any other person acting on behalf of such a person,
- 8 who knowingly makes any false statement, representation,
- 9 or certification, or knowingly fails to make any statement,
- 10 representation, or certification, required under this section
- 11 with respect to such operation shall, upon conviction, be
- 12 punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000.
- 13 (e) CIVIL ACTION TO RECOVER FEE.—Any portion
- 14 of such reclamation fee not properly or promptly paid pur-
- 15 suant to this section shall be recoverable, with statutory
- 16 interest, from the hardrock mineral activities operator, in
- 17 any court of competent jurisdiction in any action at law
- 18 to compel payment of debts.
- 19 (f) Effect.—Nothing in this section requires a re-
- 20 duction in, or otherwise affects, any similar fee required
- 21 under any law (including regulations) of any State.
- 22 (g) Exemption.—The fee under this section shall
- 23 not apply for small miners.
- 24 SEC. 404. USE AND OBJECTIVES OF THE FUND.
- 25 (a) Authorized Uses.—

1	(1) In general.—The Secretary may, subject
2	to appropriations, use moneys in the Fund for the
3	reclamation and restoration of land and water re-
4	sources adversely affected by past hardrock mineral
5	activities and related activities on lands described in
6	section 405, including any of the following:
7	(A) Protecting public health and safety.
8	(B) Preventing, abating, treating, and con-
9	trolling water pollution created by abandoned
10	mine drainage, including in river watershed
11	areas.
12	(C) Reclaiming and restoring abandoned
13	surface and underground mined areas.
14	(D) Reclaiming and restoring abandoned
15	milling and processing areas.
16	(E) Backfilling, sealing, or otherwise con-
17	trolling abandoned underground mine entries.
18	(F) Revegetating land adversely affected
19	by past mineral activities in order to prevent
20	erosion and sedimentation, to enhance wildlife
21	habitat, and for any other reclamation purpose.
22	(G) Controlling surface subsidence due to
23	abandoned underground mines.
24	(H) Enhancing fish and wildlife habitat.

1	(2) Manner of use.—Amounts in the Fund
2	may—
3	(A) be expended by the Secretary for the
4	purposes described in paragraph (1);
5	(B) be transferred by the Secretary to the
6	Director of the Bureau of Land Management,
7	the Chief of the Forest Service, the Director of
8	the National Park Service, the Director of the
9	United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the
10	head of any other Federal agency, or any public
11	entity that volunteers to develop and imple-
12	ment, and that has the ability to carry out, all
13	or a significant portion of a reclamation pro-
14	gram under this title; or
15	(C) be transferred by the Secretary to an
16	Indian Tribe or a State to carry out a reclama-
17	tion program under this title that meets the
18	purposes described in paragraph (1).
19	(b) ALLOCATION.—Of the amounts deposited into the
20	Fund—
21	(1) 25 percent shall be allocated for expenditure
22	by the Secretary in States or on Tribal lands within
23	the boundaries of which occurs production of
24	hardrock minerals or mineral concentrates or prod-
25	ucts derived from hardrock minerals, based on a for-

1	mula reflecting existing production in each such
2	State or on the land of the Indian Tribe;
3	(2) 25 percent shall be allocated for expenditure
4	by the Secretary in States or on Tribal lands based
5	on a formula reflecting the quantity of hardrock
6	minerals, or mineral concentrates or products de-
7	rived from hardrock minerals, historically produced
8	in each such State or from the land of the Indian
9	Tribe before the date of enactment of this Act; and
10	(3) 50 percent shall be allocated for expenditure
11	by the Secretary to address high-priority needs ac-
12	cording to the priorities in subsection (c).
13	(e) Priorities.—Expenditures of moneys from the
14	Fund shall reflect the following priorities in the order stat-
15	ed:
16	(1) The protection of public health and safety
17	from extreme danger from the adverse effects of
18	past mineral activities, especially as relates to sur-
19	face water and ground water contaminants.
20	(2) The protection of public health and safety
21	from the adverse effects of past mineral activities.
22	(3) The restoration of land, water, and fish and
23	wildlife resources previously degraded by the adverse
24	effects of past mineral activities, which may include
25	restoration activities in river watershed areas.

- 1 (d) Habitat.—Reclamation and restoration activi-
- 2 ties under this title shall include appropriate mitigation
- 3 measures to provide for the continuation of any estab-
- 4 lished habitat for wildlife in existence before the com-
- 5 mencement of such activities.
- 6 (e) Response or Removal Actions.—Reclamation
- 7 and restoration activities under this title that constitute
- 8 a removal or remedial action under section 101 of the
- 9 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation,
- 10 and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601) shall be con-
- 11 ducted with the concurrence of the Administrator of the
- 12 Environmental Protection Agency. The Secretary and the
- 13 Administrator shall enter into a memorandum of under-
- 14 standing to establish procedures for consultation, concur-
- 15 rence, training, exchange of technical expertise, and joint
- 16 activities under the appropriate circumstances, that pro-
- 17 vide assurances that reclamation or restoration activities
- 18 under this title shall not be conducted in a manner that
- 19 increases the costs or likelihood of removal or remedial
- 20 actions under the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
- 21 sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42)
- 22 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.), and that avoid oversight by multiple
- 23 agencies to the maximum extent practicable.

1 SEC. 405. ELIGIBLE LANDS AND WATERS.

- 2 (a) Eligibility.—Reclamation expenditures under
- 3 this title may only be made with respect to Federal, State,
- 4 Indian, local, and private lands that have been affected
- 5 by past mineral activities, and water resources that tra-
- 6 verse or are contiguous to such lands, including any of
- 7 the following:
- 8 (1) Lands and water resources that were used
- 9 for, or affected by, mineral activities and abandoned
- or left in an inadequate reclamation status before
- 11 the effective date of this Act.
- 12 (2) Lands for which the Secretary makes a de-
- termination that there is no continuing reclamation
- responsibility of a claim holder, operator, or other
- person who abandoned the site prior to completion
- of required reclamation under State or other Federal
- laws.
- 18 (b) INVENTORY.—The Secretary shall prepare and
- 19 maintain a publicly available inventory of abandoned
- 20 hardrock minerals mines on public lands and any aban-
- 21 doned mine on Indian lands that may be eligible for ex-
- 22 penditures under this title, and shall submit an annual
- 23 report to the Congress on the progress in cleanup of such
- 24 sites.

SEC. 406. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 2 Amounts credited to the Fund are authorized to be 3 appropriated for the purpose of this title without fiscal 4 year limitation. TITLE V—ADDITIONAL 5 **PROVISIONS** 6 7 SEC. 501. POLICY FUNCTIONS. 8 (a) Minerals Policy.—Section 101 of the Mining 9 and Minerals Policy Act of 1970 (30 U.S.C. 21a) is 10 amended— 11 (1) by inserting "and to ensure that mineral ex-12 traction and processing not cause undue degradation 13 of the natural and cultural resources of the public lands" after "activities"; and 14 15 (2) by adding at the end the following: "It shall 16 also be the responsibility of the Secretary of Agri-17 culture to carry out the policy provisions of clauses 18 (1) and (2) of the first paragraph of this section.". 19 (b) MINERAL DATA.—Section 5(e)(3) of the National 20 Materials and Minerals Policy, Research and Development 21 Act of 1980 (30 U.S.C. 1604(e)(3)) is amended by inserting before the period the following: ", except that for Na-22 23 tional Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture 24 shall promptly initiate actions to improve the availability and analysis of mineral data in public land use decision-

26 making".

1 SEC. 502. USER FEES AND INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Secretary
- 3 of Agriculture may each establish and collect from persons
- 4 subject to the requirements of this Act such user fees as
- 5 may be necessary to reimburse the United States for the
- 6 expenses incurred in administering such requirements.
- 7 Fees may be assessed and collected under this section only
- 8 in such manner as may reasonably be expected to result
- 9 in an aggregate amount of the fees collected during any
- 10 fiscal year which does not exceed the aggregate amount
- 11 of administrative expenses referred to in this section.
- 12 (b) Adjustment.—
- 13 (1) INFLATION.—The Secretary shall adjust the 14 fees required by this section, and all claim mainte-
- nance fees, rental rates, penalty amounts, and other
- dollar amounts established in this Act, to reflect
- 17 changes in the Consumer Price Index published by
- the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of
- 19 Labor every 3 years after the date of enactment of
- this Act, or more frequently if the Secretary deter-
- 21 mines an adjustment to be reasonable.
- 22 (2) Notice.—The Secretary shall provide
- claimants, license holders, and lease holders notice of
- any adjustment made under this subsection not later
- 25 than July 1 of any year in which the adjustment is
- 26 made.

1	(3) APPLICABILITY.—A fee adjustment under
2	this subsection shall begin to apply the calendar year
3	following the calendar year in which it is made.
4	SEC. 503. INSPECTION AND MONITORING.
5	(a) Inspections.—
6	(1) In General.—The Secretary concerned
7	shall make inspections of mineral activities so as to
8	ensure compliance with the requirements of this Act.
9	(2) Frequency.—The Secretary concerned
10	shall establish a frequency of inspections for mineral
11	activities conducted under a permit issued under
12	title III, but in no event shall such inspection fre-
13	quency be less than one complete inspection per cal-
14	endar quarter or, two per calendar quarter in the
15	case of a permit for which the Secretary concerned
16	approves an application under section 304(f). After
17	revegetation has been established in accordance with
18	a reclamation plan, such Secretary shall conduct 2
19	complete inspections annually. Such Secretary shall
20	have the discretion to modify the inspection fre-
21	quency for mineral activities that are conducted on
22	a seasonal basis. Inspections shall continue under
23	this subsection until final release of financial assur-
24	ance.
25	(3) By request.—

1	(A) In general.—Any person who has
2	reason to believe he or she is or may be ad-
3	versely affected by mineral activities due to any
4	violation of the requirements of a permit ap-
5	proved under this Act may request an inspec-
6	tion.
7	(B) REVIEW PERIOD.—The Secretary con-
8	cerned shall determine within 10 working days
9	of receipt of the request whether the request
10	states a reason to believe that a violation exists.
11	(C) Imminent threat.—If the person al-
12	leges and provides reason to believe that an im-
13	minent threat to the environment or danger to
14	the health or safety of the public exists, the 10-
15	day period shall be waived and the inspection
16	shall be conducted immediately.
17	(D) Notification.—When an inspection
18	is conducted under this paragraph, the Sec-
19	retary concerned shall notify the person re-
20	questing the inspection, and such person shall
21	be allowed to accompany the Secretary con-
22	cerned or the Secretary's authorized representa-
23	tive during the inspection.

1	(E) Liability.—The Secretary shall not
2	incur any liability for allowing such person to
3	accompany an authorized representative.
4	(F) Anonymity.—The identity of the per-
5	son supplying information to the Secretary re-
6	lating to a possible violation or imminent dan-
7	ger or harm shall remain confidential with the
8	Secretary if so requested by that person, unless
9	that person elects to accompany an authorized
10	representative on the inspection.
11	(G) Procedures.—The Secretaries shall,
12	by joint rule, establish procedures for the review
13	of—
14	(i) any decision by an authorized rep-
15	resentative not to inspect; or
16	(ii) any refusal by such representative
17	to ensure that remedial actions are taken
18	with respect to any alleged violation.
19	(H) Written statement.—The Sec-
20	retary concerned shall furnish a person request-
21	ing a review a written statement of the reasons
22	for the Secretary's final disposition of the case.
23	(b) Monitoring.—
24	(1) Monitoring system.—The Secretary con-
25	cerned shall require all operators to develop and

maintain a monitoring and evaluation system that shall identify compliance with all requirements of a permit approved under this Act. The Secretary concerned may require additional monitoring to be con-ducted as necessary to assure compliance with the reclamation and other environmental standards of this Act. Such plan must be reviewed and approved by the Secretary and shall become a part of the ex-plorations or operations permit. (2) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The operator

- shall file reports with the Secretary concerned, on a frequency determined by the Secretary concerned, on the results of the monitoring and evaluation process, except that if the monitoring and evaluation show a violation of the requirements of a permit approved under this Act, it shall be reported immediately to the Secretary concerned. The Secretary shall evaluate the reports submitted pursuant to this paragraph, and based on those reports and any necessary inspection shall take enforcement action pursuant to this section. Such reports shall be maintained by the operator and by the Secretary and shall be made available to the public.
- (3) Failure to report.—The Secretary concerned shall determine what information shall be re-

1	ported by the operator pursuant to paragraph (2). A
2	failure to report as required by the Secretary con-
3	cerned shall constitute a violation of this Act and
4	subject the operator to enforcement action pursuant
5	to section 506.
6	SEC. 504. CITIZENS SUITS.
7	(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
8	(c), any person may commence a civil action on his or her
9	own behalf to compel compliance—
10	(1) against any person (including the Secretary
11	or the Secretary of Agriculture) who is alleged to be
12	in violation of any of the provisions of this Act or
13	any regulation promulgated pursuant to this Act or
14	any term or condition of any lease, license, or permit
15	issued under this Act; or
16	(2) against the Secretary or the Secretary of
17	Agriculture where there is alleged a failure of such
18	Secretary to perform any act or duty under this Act,
19	or to promulgate any regulation under this Act,
20	which is not within the discretion of the Secretary
21	concerned.
22	(b) DISTRICT COURT JURISDICTION.—The United
23	States district courts shall have jurisdiction over actions
24	brought under this section, without regard to the amount
25	in controversy or the citizenship of the parties, including

actions brought to apply any civil penalty under this Act.

The district courts of the United States shall have juris-3 diction to compel agency action unreasonably delayed, ex-4 cept that an action to compel agency action reviewable 5 under section 505 may only be filed in a United States 6 district court within the circuit in which such action would 7 be reviewable under section 505. 8 (c) Exceptions.— 9 (1) Notice.—No action may be commenced 10 under subsection (a) before the end of the 60-day 11 period beginning on the date the plaintiff has given 12 notice in writing of such alleged violation to the al-13 leged violator and the Secretary concerned, except 14 that any such action may be brought immediately 15 after such notification if the violation complained of constitutes an imminent threat to the environment 16 17 or to the health or safety of the public. 18 (2) On-Going Litigation.—No action may be 19 brought against any person other than the Secretary 20 or the Secretary of Agriculture under subsection 21 (a)(1) if such Secretary has commenced and is dili-22 gently prosecuting a civil or criminal action in a 23 court of the United States to require compliance. 24 (3) Exception.—No action may be commenced 25 under subsection (a)(2) against either Secretary to

- 1 review any rule promulgated by, or to any permit
- 2 issued or denied by such Secretary if such rule or
- 3 permit issuance or denial is judicially reviewable
- 4 under section 505 or under any other provision of
- 5 law at any time after such promulgation, issuance,
- 6 or denial is final.
- 7 (d) Venue of all actions brought under this
- 8 section shall be determined in accordance with section
- 9 1391 of title 28, United States Code.
- 10 (e) Costs.—The court, in issuing any final order in
- 11 any action brought pursuant to this section may award
- 12 costs of litigation (including attorney and expert witness
- 13 fees) to any party whenever the court determines such
- 14 award is appropriate. The court may, if a temporary re-
- 15 straining order or preliminary injunction is sought, require
- 16 the filing of a bond or equivalent security in accordance
- 17 with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 18 (f) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section shall
- 19 restrict any right which any person (or class of persons)
- 20 may have under chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code,
- 21 under this section, or under any other statute or common
- 22 law to bring an action to seek any relief against the Sec-
- 23 retary or the Secretary of Agriculture or against any other
- 24 person, including any action for any violation of this Act
- 25 or of any regulation or permit issued under this Act or

1 for any failure to act as required by law. Nothing in this

2	section shall affect the jurisdiction of any court under any
3	provision of title 28, United States Code, including any
4	action for any violation of this Act or of any regulation
5	or permit issued under this Act or for any failure to act
6	as required by law.
7	SEC. 505. ADMINISTRATIVE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.
8	(a) Review by Secretary.—
9	(1) Notice of violation.—Any person issued
10	a notice of violation or cessation order under section
11	507, or any person having an interest which is or
12	may be adversely affected by such notice or order,
13	may apply to the Secretary concerned for review of
14	the notice or order within 30 days after receipt
15	thereof, or as the case may be, within 30 days after
16	such notice or order is modified, vacated, or termi-
17	nated.
18	(2) REVIEW OF PENALTY.—Any person who is
19	subject to a penalty assessed under section 507 may
20	apply to the Secretary concerned for review of the
21	assessment within 45 days of notification of such
22	penalty.
23	(3) Third party requests.—Any person may
24	apply to the Secretary concerned for review of a de-

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- 105 1 cision under this subsection within 30 days after 2 such decision is issued. 3 (4) Stays pending review.—Pending a re-4 view by the Secretary or resolution of an administra-5 tive appeal, final decisions (except enforcement ac-6 tions under section 507) shall be stayed. (5) Public Hearing.—The Secretary con-7 8 cerned shall provide an opportunity for a public 9 hearing at the request of any party to the pro-10 ceeding as specified in paragraph (1). The filing of 11 an application for review under this subsection shall
 - (6) Written decision.—For any review proceeding under this subsection, the Secretary concerned shall make findings of fact and shall issue a written decision incorporating therein an order vacating, affirming, modifying, or terminating the notice, order, or decision, or with respect to an assessment, the amount of penalty that is warranted. Where the application for review concerns a cessation order issued under section 506 the Secretary concerned shall issue the written decision within 30 days of the receipt of the application for review or within 30 days after the conclusion of any hearing

not operate as a stay of any order or notice issued

under section 506.

1	referred to in paragraph (5), whichever is later, un-
2	less temporary relief has been granted by the Sec-
3	retary concerned under paragraph (7).
4	(7) Temporary relief.—Pending completion
5	of any review proceedings under this subsection, the
6	applicant may file with the Secretary concerned a
7	written request that the Secretary grant temporary
8	relief from any order issued under section 506 to-
9	gether with a detailed statement giving reasons for
10	such relief. The Secretary concerned shall expedi-
11	tiously issue an order or decision granting or deny-
12	ing such relief. The Secretary concerned may grant
13	such relief under such conditions as he or she may
14	prescribe only if such relief shall not adversely affect
15	the health or safety of the public or cause imminent
16	environmental harm to land, air, or water resources.
17	(8) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—The availability of re-
18	view under this subsection shall not be construed to
19	limit the operation of rights under section 504.
20	(b) Judicial Review.—
21	(1) Court of appeals for the district of
22	COLUMBIA.—Any final action by the Secretaries of
23	the Interior and Agriculture in promulgating regula-
24	tions to implement this Act, or any other final ac-
25	tions constituting rulemaking to implement this Act,

1 shall be subject to judicial review only in the United 2 States Court of Appeals for the District of Colum-3 bia. Any action subject to judicial review under this subsection shall be affirmed unless the court concludes that such action is arbitrary, capricious, or 5 6 otherwise inconsistent with law. A petition for review 7 of any action subject to judicial review under this 8 subsection shall be filed within 60 days from the 9 date of such action, or after such date if the petition 10 is based solely on grounds arising after the 60th 11 day. Any such petition may be made by any person 12 who commented or otherwise participated in the 13 rulemaking or any person who may be adversely af-14 fected by the action of the Secretaries. 15 (2) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—Final agency ac-16 tion under this subsection, including such final ac-17 tion on those matters described under subsection 18 (a), shall be subject to judicial review in accordance 19 with paragraph (4) and pursuant to section 1391 of 20 title 28, United States Code, on or before 60 days 21 from the date of such final action. Any action sub-22 ject to judicial review under this subsection shall be 23 affirmed unless the court concludes that such action 24 is arbitrary, capricious, or otherwise inconsistent

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with law.

1	(3) Savings clause.—The availability of judi-
2	cial review established in this subsection shall not be
3	construed to limit the operations of rights under sec-
4	tion 504.
5	(4) Record.—The court shall hear any petition
6	or complaint filed under this subsection solely on the
7	record made before the Secretary or Secretaries con-
8	cerned. The court may affirm or vacate any order or
9	decision or may remand the proceedings to the Sec-
10	retary or Secretaries for such further action as it
11	may direct.
12	(5) COMMENCE OF A PROCEEDING NOT A
13	STAY.—The commencement of a proceeding under
14	this section shall not, unless specifically ordered by
15	the court, operate as a stay of the action, order, or
16	decision of the Secretary or Secretaries concerned.
17	(c) Costs.—Whenever a proceeding occurs under
18	subsection (a) or (b), at the request of any person, a sum
19	equal to the aggregate amount of all costs and expenses
20	(including attorney fees) as determined by the Secretary
21	or Secretaries concerned or the court to have been reason-
22	ably incurred by such person for or in connection with par-
23	ticipation in such proceedings, including any judicial re-
24	view of the proceeding, may be assessed against either
25	party as the court, in the case of judicial review, or the

- 1 Secretary or Secretaries concerned in the case of adminis-
- 2 trative proceedings, deems proper if it is determined that
- 3 such party prevailed in whole or in part, achieving some
- 4 success on the merits, and that such party made a sub-
- 5 stantial contribution to a full and fair determination of
- 6 the issues.

7 SEC. 506. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- 8 (a) Report to Secretary.—An operator engaging
- 9 in any mineral activities located on Federal land or on In-
- 10 dian land shall submit to the Secretary an annual report,
- 11 in a time and manner prescribed by the Secretary, describ-
- 12 ing the total amount (in metric tons) and value of
- 13 hardrock minerals produced through such mineral activi-
- 14 ties, including the total amount and value of any minerals
- 15 produced from a mine partially located on either Federal
- 16 land or Indian land, disaggregated by mineral and by per-
- 17 centage extracted from Federal land and percentage ex-
- 18 tracted from Indian land.
- 19 (b) Failure To Report.—Any person who fails to
- 20 comply with the requirements of subsection (a) shall be
- 21 subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day
- 22 (indexed for inflation) during which such failure con-
- 23 tinues, which may be assessed by the Secretary.
- 24 (c) Report to Congress.—The Secretary shall
- 25 submit an annual report to Congress providing the fol-

1	lowing information for each hardrock mine located on
2	Federal land or on Indian land:
3	(1) The data submitted for such mine under
4	subsection (a).
5	(2) The name of the mine operator.
6	(3) The State in which such mine is located.
7	(4) The Bureau of Land Management Field Of-
8	fice with jurisdiction over such mine.
9	(5) Whether such mine is located on Federal
10	land.
11	(6) Whether such mine is located on Indian
12	land.
13	(d) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall promulgate
14	such regulations as are necessary to carry out this section
15	not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment
16	of this Act.
17	SEC. 507. ENFORCEMENT.
18	(a) Orders.—
19	(1) Notice of Violation.—If the Secretary
20	concerned, or an authorized representative of such
21	Secretary, determines that any person is in violation
22	of any environmental protection requirement or any
23	regulation issued by the Secretaries to implement
24	this Act, such Secretary or authorized representative
25	shall issue to such person a notice of violation de-

scribing the violation and the corrective measures to be taken. The Secretary concerned, or the authorized representative of such Secretary, shall provide such person with a period of time not to exceed 30 days to abate the violation. Such period of time may be extended by the Secretary concerned upon a showing of good cause by such person. If, upon the expiration of time provided for such abatement, the Secretary concerned, or the authorized representative of such Secretary, finds that the violation has not been abated he or she shall immediately order a cessation of all mineral activities or the portion thereof relevant to the violation.

(2) Order for immediate cessation.—If the Secretary concerned, or the authorized representative of the Secretary concerned, determines that any condition or practice exists, or that any person is in violation of any requirement under a permit approved under this Act, and such condition, practice or violation is causing, or can reasonably be expected to cause either of the following, such Secretary or authorized representative shall immediately order a cessation of mineral activities or the portion thereof relevant to the condition, practice, or violation:

1	(A) An imminent danger to the health or
2	safety of the public.
3	(B) Significant, imminent environmental
4	harm to land, air, water, or fish or wildlife re-
5	sources.
6	(3) Duration.—
7	(A) TERMINATION.—A cessation order
8	pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) shall remain
9	in effect until such Secretary, or authorized
10	representative, determines that the condition,
11	practice, or violation has been abated, or until
12	modified, vacated or terminated by the Sec-
13	retary or authorized representative. In any such
14	order, the Secretary or authorized representa-
15	tive shall determine the steps necessary to abate
16	the violation in the most expeditious manner
17	possible and shall include the necessary meas-
18	ures in the order.
19	(B) FINANCIAL ASSURANCES.—The Sec-
20	retary concerned shall require appropriate fi-
21	nancial assurances to ensure that the abate-
22	ment obligations are met when issuing an order
23	under this section
24	(C) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY.—
25	Any notice or order issued pursuant to para-

1	graph (1) or (2) may be modified, vacated, or
2	terminated by the Secretary concerned or an
3	authorized representative of such Secretary.
4	Any person to whom any such notice or order
5	is issued shall be entitled to a hearing on the
6	record.
7	(4) Alternative enforcement action.—If,
8	after 30 days of the date of the order referred to in
9	subsection (a) the required abatement has not oc-
10	curred, the Secretary concerned shall take such al-
11	ternative enforcement action against the claim hold-
12	er, license holder, lease holder, or operator (or any
13	person who controls the claim holder, license holder,
14	lease holder, or operator) as will most likely bring
15	about abatement in the most expeditious manner
16	possible. Such alternative enforcement action may
17	include seeking appropriate injunctive relief to bring
18	about abatement. Nothing in this paragraph shall
19	preclude the Secretary concerned from taking alter-
20	native enforcement action prior to the expiration of
21	30 days.
22	(5) Failure or Default.—If a claim holder,
23	license holder, lease holder, or operator (or any per-
24	son who controls the claim holder, license holder,
25	lease holder, or operator) fails to abate a violation

1	or defaults on the terms of the permit, the Secretary
2	concerned shall forfeit the financial assurance for
3	the plan as necessary to ensure abatement and rec-
4	lamation under this Act. The Secretary concerned
5	may prescribe conditions under which a surety may
6	perform reclamation in accordance with the ap-
7	proved plan in lieu of forfeiture.
8	(6) Pending Review.—The Secretary con-
9	cerned shall not cause forfeiture of the financial as-
10	surance while administrative or judicial review is
11	pending.
12	(7) Liability in the event of for-
13	FEITURE.—In the event of forfeiture, the claim hold-
14	er, license holder, lease holder, operator, or any affil-
15	iate thereof, as appropriate as determined by the
16	Secretary by rule, shall be jointly and severally liable
17	for any remaining reclamation obligations under this
18	Act.
19	(b) COMPLIANCE.—The Secretary concerned may re-
20	quest the Attorney General to institute a civil action for
21	relief, including a permanent or temporary injunction or
22	restraining order, or any other appropriate enforcement
23	order, including the imposition of civil penalties, in the dis-
24	trict court of the United States for the district in which
25	the mineral activities are located whenever a person—

1	(1) violates, fails, or refuses to comply with any
2	order issued by the Secretary concerned under sub-
3	section (a); or
4	(2) interferes with, hinders, or delays the Sec-
5	retary concerned in carrying out an inspection under
6	section 503.
7	Such court shall have jurisdiction to provide such relief
8	as may be appropriate. Any relief granted by the court
9	to enforce an order under paragraph (1) shall continue
10	in effect until the completion or final termination of all
11	proceedings for review of such order unless the district
12	court granting such relief sets it aside.
13	(e) Delegation.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
14	sion of law, the Secretary may utilize personnel of the Of-
15	fice of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement to
16	ensure compliance with the requirements of this Act.
17	(d) Penalties.—
18	(1) Failure to comply with requirements
19	OF A PERMIT.—Any person who fails to comply with
20	any requirement of a permit approved under this
21	Act or any regulation issued by the Secretaries to
22	implement this Act shall be liable for a penalty of
23	not more than \$25,000 per violation. Each day of
24	violation may be deemed a separate violation for
25	purposes of penalty assessments.

1	(2) Failure to comply with a cessation
2	ORDER.—A person who fails to correct a violation
3	for which a cessation order has been issued under
4	subsection (a) within the period permitted for its
5	correction shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less
6	than \$1,000 per violation for each day during which
7	such failure continues.
8	(3) Penalties for directors, officers,
9	AND AGENTS.—Whenever a corporation is in viola-
10	tion of a requirement of a permit approved under
11	this Act or any regulation issued by the Secretaries
12	to implement this Act or fails or refuses to comply
13	with an order issued under subsection (a), any direc-
14	tor, officer, or agent of such corporation who know-
15	ingly authorized, ordered, or carried out such viola-
16	tion, failure, or refusal shall be subject to the same
17	penalties as may be imposed upon the person re-
18	ferred to in paragraph (1).
19	(e) Suspensions or Revocations.—The Secretary
20	concerned shall suspend or revoke a permit issued under
21	title II, in whole or in part, if the operator—
22	(1) knowingly made or knowingly makes any
23	false, inaccurate, or misleading material statement
24	in any mining claim, notice of location, application,

1	record, report, plan, or other document filed or re-
2	quired to be maintained under this Act;
3	(2) fails to abate a violation covered by a ces-
4	sation order issued under subsection (a);
5	(3) fails to comply with an order of the Sec-
6	retary concerned;
7	(4) refuses to permit an audit pursuant to this
8	Act;
9	(5) fails to maintain an adequate financial as-
10	surance under section 306;
11	(6) fails to pay claim maintenance fees, rentals,
12	or other moneys due and owing under this Act; or
13	(7) with regard to plans conditionally approved
14	under section 305(c)(2), fails to abate a violation to
15	the satisfaction of the Secretary concerned, or if the
16	validity of the violation is upheld on the appeal
17	which formed the basis for the conditional approval.
18	(f) False Statements; Tampering.—Any person
19	who knowingly—
20	(1) makes any false material statement, rep-
21	resentation, or certification in, or omits or conceals
22	material information from, or unlawfully alters, any
23	mining claim, notice of location, application, record,
24	report, plan, or other documents filed or required to
25	be maintained under this Act; or

1	(2) falsifies, tampers with, renders inaccurate,
2	or fails to install any monitoring device or method
3	required to be maintained under this Act,
4	shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more
5	than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 2
6	years, or by both. If a conviction of a person is for a viola-
7	tion committed after a first conviction of such person
8	under this subsection, punishment shall be by a fine of
9	not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by impris-
10	onment of not more than 4 years, or both. Each day of
11	continuing violation may be deemed a separate violation
12	for purposes of penalty assessments.
13	(g) Knowing Violations.—Any person who know-
14	ingly—
15	(1) engages in mineral activities without a per-
16	mit required under title II; or
17	(2) violates any other requirement of a permit
18	issued under this Act, or any condition or limitation
19	thereof,
20	shall upon conviction be punished by a fine of not less
21	than \$5,000 nor more than \$50,000 per day of violation,
22	or by imprisonment for not more than 3 years, or both.
23	If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed
24	after the first conviction of such person under this sub-
25	section, punishment shall be a fine of not less than

- 1 \$10,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not
- 2 more than 6 years, or both.
- 3 (h) Knowing and Willful Violations.—Any per-
- 4 son who knowingly and willfully commits an act for which
- 5 a civil penalty is provided in paragraph (1) of subsection
- 6 (g) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not
- 7 more than \$50,000, or by imprisonment for not more than
- 8 2 years, or both.
- 9 (i) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 10 term "person" includes any officer, agent, or employee of
- 11 a person.
- 12 SEC. 508. REGULATIONS.
- 13 The Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall
- 14 issue such regulations as are necessary to implement this
- 15 Act. The regulations implementing titles II and III and
- 16 this title that affect the Forest Service shall be joint regu-
- 17 lations issued by both Secretaries, and shall be issued not
- 18 later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this
- 19 Act.
- 20 SEC. 509. OIL SHALE CLAIMS.
- 21 Section 2511(f) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (30
- 22 U.S.C. 242(f) Public Law 102–486) is amended—
- 23 (1) by striking "as prescribed by the Sec-
- retary"; and

1	(2) by inserting before the period the following:
2	"in the same manner as required by title II of the
3	Hardrock Leasing and Reclamation Act of 2019".
4	SEC. 510. SAVINGS CLAUSE.
5	(a) Special Application of Mining Laws.—Noth-
6	ing in this Act shall be construed as repealing or modi-
7	fying any Federal law, regulation, order, or land use plan,
8	in effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act that
9	prohibits or restricts the application of the general mining
10	laws, including laws that provide for special management
11	criteria for operations under the general mining laws as
12	in effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act, to
13	the extent such laws provide for protection of natural and
14	cultural resources and the environment greater than re-
15	quired under this Act, and any such prior law shall remain
16	in force and effect with respect to claims converted to
17	leases under this Act. Nothing in this Act shall be con-
18	strued as applying to or limiting mineral investigations,
19	studies, or other mineral activities conducted by any Fed-
20	eral or State agency acting in its governmental capacity
21	pursuant to other authority. Nothing in this Act shall af-
22	fect or limit any assessment, investigation, evaluation, or
23	listing pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
24	sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42

1	U.S.C. 9601 et seq.), or the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42
2	U.S.C. 3251 et seq.).
3	(b) Effect on Other Federal Laws.——
4	(1) General mining laws.—The provisions of
5	this Act shall supersede the general mining laws.
6	(2) Other laws.—Except for the general min-
7	ing laws, nothing in this Act shall be construed as
8	superseding, modifying, amending, or repealing any
9	provision of Federal law not expressly superseded,
10	modified, amended, or repealed by this Act.
11	(3) Environmental laws.—Nothing in this
12	Act shall be construed as altering, affecting, amend-
13	ing, modifying, or changing, directly or indirectly,
14	any law which refers to and provides authorities or
15	responsibilities for, or is administered by, the Envi-
16	ronmental Protection Agency or the Administrator
17	of the Environmental Protection Agency, includ-
18	ing—
19	(A) the Federal Water Pollution Control
20	Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.);
21	(B) title XIV of the Public Health Service
22	Act (the Safe Drinking Water Act) (42 U.S.C.
23	300f et seq.);
24	(C) the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et
25	seq.);

1	(D) the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990
2	(42 U.S.C. 13101 et seq.);
3	(E) the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
4	U.S.C. 2601 et seq.);
5	(F) the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and
6	Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.;
7	(G) the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
8	Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.);
9	(H) the Motor Vehicle Information and
10	Cost Savings Act (15 U.S.C. 1901 et seq.);
11	(I) the Federal Hazardous Substances Act
12	(15 U.S.C. 1261 et seq.);
13	(J) the Endangered Species Act of 1973
14	(16 U.S.C. 1540);
15	(K) the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
16	U.S.C. 2011 et seq.);
17	(L) the Noise Control Act of 1972 (42
18	U.S.C. 4901 et seq.);
19	(M) the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42
20	U.S.C. 6901 et seq.);
21	(N) the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
22	sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of
23	1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.);

1	(O) the Superfund Amendments and Reau-
2	thorization Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-499;
3	100 Stat. 1613);
4	(P) the Ocean Dumping Act (33 U.S.C.
5	1401 et seq.);
6	(Q) the Environmental Research, Develop-
7	ment, and Demonstration Authorization Act of
8	1978 (42 U.S.C. 4365);
9	(R) the Pollution Prosecution Act of 1990
10	(42 U.S.C. 4321 note; Public Law 101–593);
11	(S) the Federal Facilities Compliance Act
12	of 1992 (Public Law 102—386; 106 Stat.
13	1505); and
14	(T) any statute containing an amendment
15	to any of such Acts.
16	(4) Federal Indian Law.—Nothing in this
17	Act shall be construed as modifying or affecting any
18	provision of—
19	(A) the Native American Graves Protection
20	and Repatriation Act (25 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.);
21	(B) American Indian Religious Freedom
22	Act (42 U.S.C. 1996);
23	(C) the National Historic Preservation Act
24	(16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.); or

1	(D) the Religious Freedom Restoration Act
2	of 1993 (42 U.S.C. 2000bb et seq.).
3	(c) Sovereign Immunity of Indian Tribes.—
4	Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to waive
5	the sovereign immunity of any Indian Tribe.
6	SEC. 511. AVAILABILITY OF PUBLIC RECORDS.
7	Copies of records, reports, inspection materials, or in-
8	formation obtained by the Secretary or the Secretary of
9	Agriculture under this Act shall be made immediately
10	available to the public, consistent with section 552 of title
11	5, United States Code, in central and sufficient locations
12	in the county, multicounty, and State area of mineral ac-
13	tivities or reclamation so that such items are conveniently
14	available to residents in the area proposed or approved for
15	mineral activities and on the internet.
16	SEC. 512. MISCELLANEOUS POWERS.
17	(a) In General.—In carrying out his or her duties
18	under this Act, the Secretary concerned may conduct any
19	investigation, inspection, or other inquiry necessary and
20	appropriate and may conduct, after notice, any hearing
21	or audit, necessary and appropriate to carrying out his
22	or her duties.
23	(b) Ancillary Powers.—In connection with any
24	hearing, inquiry, investigation, or audit under this Act, the
25	Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Sec-

1	retary of Agriculture, is authorized to take any of the fol-
2	lowing actions:
3	(1) Require, by special or general order, any
4	person to submit in writing such affidavits and an-
5	swers to questions as the Secretary concerned may
6	reasonably prescribe, which submission shall be
7	made within such reasonable period and under oath
8	or otherwise, as may be necessary.
9	(2) Administer oaths.
10	(3) Require by subpoena the attendance and
11	testimony of witnesses and the production of all
12	books, papers, records, documents, matter, and ma-
13	terials, as such Secretary may request.
14	(4) Order testimony to be taken by deposition
15	before any person who is designated by such Sec-
16	retary and who has the power to administer oaths,
17	and to compel testimony and the production of evi-
18	dence in the same manner as authorized under para-
19	graph (3) of this subsection.
20	(5) Pay witnesses the same fees and mileage as
21	are paid in like circumstances in the courts of the
22	United States.
23	(c) Enforcement.—In cases of refusal to obey a
24	subpoena served upon any person under this section, the
25	district court of the United States for any district in which

1	such person is found, resides, or transacts business, upon
2	application by the Attorney General at the request of the
3	Secretary concerned and after notice to such person, shall
4	have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such person
5	to appear and produce documents before the Secretary
6	concerned. Any failure to obey such order of the court may
7	be punished by such court as contempt thereof and subject
8	to a penalty of up to \$10,000 a day.
9	(d) Entry and Access.—Without advance notice
10	and upon presentation of appropriate credentials, the Sec-
11	retary concerned or any authorized representative there-
12	of—
13	(1) shall have the right of entry to, upon, or
14	through the site of any claim, license, lease, mineral
15	activities, or any premises in which any records re-
16	quired to be maintained under this Act are located;
17	(2) may at reasonable times, and without delay,
18	have access to records, inspect any monitoring
19	equipment, or review any method of operation re-
20	quired under this Act;
21	(3) may engage in any work and do all things
22	necessary or expedient to implement and administer
23	the provisions of this Act;
24	(4) may, on any mining claim, license, or lease
25	maintained in compliance with this Act, and without

1	advance notice, stop and inspect any motorized form
2	of transportation that such Secretary has probable
3	cause to believe is carrying hardrock minerals, con-
4	centrates, or products derived therefrom from a
5	claim site for the purpose of determining whether
6	the operator of such vehicle has documentation re-
7	lated to such hardrock minerals, concentrates, or
8	products derived therefrom as required by law, if
9	such documentation is required under this Act; and
10	(5) may, if accompanied by any appropriate law
11	enforcement officer, or an appropriate law enforce-
12	ment officer alone, stop and inspect any motorized
13	form of transportation which is not on a claim site
14	if he or she has probable cause to believe such vehi-
15	cle is carrying hardrock minerals, concentrates, or
16	products derived therefrom from a claim site, li-
17	cense, or lease on Federal lands or allocated to such
18	claim site, license, or lease. Such inspection shall be
19	for the purpose of determining whether the operator
20	of such vehicle has the documentation required by
21	law, if such documentation is required under this
22	Act.
23	SEC. 513. MINERAL MATERIALS.
24	(a) Determinations.—Section 3 of the Act of July
25	23, 1955 (30 U.S.C. 611), is amended—

1	(1) in the heading, by striking " OR CINDERS "
2	and inserting "CINDERS, AND CLAY";
3	(2) by striking "No" and inserting "(a) No";
4	(3) by inserting "mineral materials, including"
5	after "varieties of";
6	(4) by striking "or cinders" and inserting "cin-
7	ders, and clay"; and
8	(5) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(b)(1) Subject to valid existing rights, after the date
10	of enactment of the Hardrock Leasing and Reclamation
11	Act of 2019, notwithstanding the reference to common va-
12	rieties in subsection (a) and to the exception to such term
13	relating to a deposit of materials with some property giv-
14	ing it distinct and special value, all deposits of mineral
15	materials referred to in such subsection, including the
16	block pumice referred to in such subsection, shall be sub-
17	ject to disposal only under the terms and conditions of
18	the Materials Act of 1947 (30 U.S.C. 601-603).
19	"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'valid
20	existing rights' means that a mining claim located for any
21	such mineral material—
22	"(A) had and still has some property giving it
23	the distinct and special value referred to in sub-
24	section (a), or as the case may be, met the definition
25	of block pumice referred to in such subsection;

1	"(B) was properly located and maintained
2	under the general mining laws prior to the date of
3	enactment of the Hardrock Leasing and Reclama-
4	tion Act of 2019; and
5	"(C) was supported by a discovery of a valuable
6	mineral deposit within the meaning of the general
7	mining laws as in effect immediately prior to the
8	date of enactment of the Hardrock Leasing and Rec-
9	lamation Act of 2019.".
10	(b) Mineral Materials Disposal Clarifica-
11	TION.—Section 4 of the Act of July 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C.
12	612), is amended—
13	(1) in subsection (b) by inserting "and mineral
14	material" after "vegetative"; and
15	(2) in subsection (c) by inserting "and mineral
16	material" after "vegetative".
17	(c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1 of the
18	Act of July 31, 1947, entitled "An Act to provide for the
19	disposal of materials on the public lands of the United
20	States" (30 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) is amended by striking
21	"common varieties of" in the first sentence.
22	(d) Short Titles.—
23	(1) Surface resources.—The Act of July
24	23, 1955, is amended by inserting after section 7
25	the following new section:

- 1 "Sec. 8. This Act may be cited as the 'Surface Re-
- 2 sources Act of 1955'.".
- 3 (2) Mineral materials.—The Act of July 31,
- 4 1947, entitled "An Act to provide for the disposal of
- 5 materials on the public lands of the United States"
- 6 (30 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) is amended by inserting
- 7 after section 4 the following new section:
- 8 "Sec. 5. This Act may be cited as the 'Materials Act
- 9 of 1947'.".
- 10 (e) Repeals.—(1) Subject to valid existing rights,
- 11 the Act of August 4, 1892 (chapter 375; 27 Stat. 348;
- 12 30 U.S.C. 161), commonly known as the Building Stone
- 13 Act, is hereby repealed.
- 14 (2) Subject to valid existing rights, the Act of Janu-
- 15 ary 31, 1901 (chapter 186; 31 Stat. 745; 30 U.S.C. 162),
- 16 commonly known as the Saline Placer Act, is hereby re-
- 17 pealed.
- 18 SEC. 514. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 19 This Act shall take effect on the date of enactment
- 20 of this Act, except as otherwise provided in this Act.